LINGAYA'S VIDYAPEETH

Greater Faridabad, Haryana SCHOOL OF LAW

LL.B-3 Year Course Curriculum

(Batch 2018-2021)

S.no.	Semester/ Subject code	Subject	L	Т	P	Credit
SEMI	ESTER-I					
1	LLB 111	Law of Contract-1	4			4
2	LLB 113	Jurisprudence(Legal method)	4			4
3	LLB 115	Family Law-1	4			4
4	LLB 117	Constitutional Law-1	4			4
	LLB 119	Law Of Torts(MV Accident and Consumer protection Laws)				-
5	LLB 121	Legal English & communication skills	4			4
6			4			4
7	LLB 123	Social Awareness :Legal awareness			2	1
			24		2	25
SEMI	ESTER-II	1			1	T
1	LLB 112	Law of Contract-II	4			4
2	LLB 114	Environmental Law	4			4
3	LLB 116	Family Law-II(Mohammedan Law)	4			4
4	LLB 118	Constitutional Law- II	4			4
5	LLB 120	Public International Law	4			4
6	LLB 122	Administrative Law	4			4
7	LLB 124	Moot Court			2	1
		Total Credit	24		2	25
SEMI	ESTER-III	•				•
1	LLB 211	Law of Crime -I(IPC-I)	4			4
2	LLB 213	Corporate Law	4			4
3	LLB 215	Labour &Industrial Law-1	4			4

4	LLB 217	Property Law	4			4
5	LLB 219	Interpretation of Statutes	4			4
6	LLB 221	Professional Ethics, Lawyer's Accountability and Bar-Bench Relations. (Theory)	4			4
	LLB 251	Professional Ethics, Lawyer's Accountability and Bar-Bench Relations. (practical)				4
7		Total Credit	24		2	25
SEN	MESTER-IV			•		

1	T T D 212	T 60 T (0 1 1 D 1 0 1 1050)			
1	LLB 212	Law of Crimes-II (Criminal Procedure Code,1978)	4		4
2	LLB 214	Law Relating To Right To Information & Media Law	4		4
3	LLB 216	Labour & Industrial Law-II	4		4
4	LLB 218	Civil Procedure Code,1908 (Including Limitation act,1963& Specific Relief Act,1963)	4		4
5	LLB 220	Public Interest Lawyering, legal Aid & Para Legal Service	4		4
5	LLB 222	Arbitration, Conciliation & alternative dispute resolution system (Theory)	4		4
6	LLB 252	Arbitration, Conciliation & alternative dispute resolution system (Practical)		2	2
		Total Credit	24	4	25
SEMI	ESTER-V				
1	LLB 311	Law of Evidence	4		4
2	LLB 313	Law of trust, Equity & Fiduciary Relation	4		4
3	LLB 315	Principles of taxation	4		4
	LLB 317	Land Laws including ceiling and other Local Laws			
4			4		4
	LLB 319	Media Law & Censorship			
5			4		4
	LLB 321	Drafting, Pleading &conveyance(Theory)	+ - -		

	LLB 351	Drafting, Pleading &conveyance(Practical)			
7				2	1
		Total Credit	24	2	25
SEN	MESTER-VI				
1	LLB 312	Intellectual Property Law	4		4
2	LLB 314	Information technology & Cyber Laws	4		4
3	LLB 316	Negotiable Instruments, Banking and Insurance Law	4		4
4	LLB 318	Competition Law	4		4
5	LLB 320	Human Rights Law	4		4
6	LLB 352	Moot court, Pre- Trial Preparation & Participation in Trail Proceedings (includingInterviewing techniques & pretrial Preparations)			
7	LLB 354	Internship		2	2
		Total Credit	21	2	25

IST SEMESTER

Course Name: Law of Contract-I

Course Code: LLB 111

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: I Credit: 4

Course Objective:

In every days transactions we made contracts, it is necessary to be conscious while in routine transaction that a particular transactions led to a contract or not. The objective of this paper is to make students familiar with various principles of contract formation enunciated in the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

UNIT-I

- 1. Definition of Contract, Agreement, Offer, Acceptance and Consideration (Section-2).
- 2. Communication and Revocation of offer and Acceptance (Section 3.9).
- 3. Essentials of Contract (Section 10).
- 4. Competency to Contract (Section 11-12)

Leading Case: LalmanShukla V. GauriDutt (1913) 11 ALL L.J. 489

UNIT-II

- 1. Consent, Free Consent, Consent by Coercion, Undue Influence, Fraud, misrepresentation and mistake (Section 14-22).
- 2. Legality of object and consideration (section 23-24).
- 3. Void Agreements (Section 25-30).

Leading Case: MohoriBibee Vs. Dharmodas Ghose (1903) 30 I.A. 114 (PC)

UNIT III

- 1. Contingent Contracts (Section 31-36)
- 2. Contract which must be performed (Section 37-39).
- 3. By whom contract must be performed (Section 40-45)

UNIT-IV

- 1. Time and place for performance or contract (Section 46-50)
- 2. Performance or Reciprocal Promises (Section 51-55)
- 3. Discharge of Contract (Section 56-57)

UNITV

- 1. Certain Relations resembling to those created by contract (Section 68-73)
- 2. Breach of Contract (Section 73-75)

Text Books:

• Poole, Jill, Textbook on contract law,1st Indian edition, Oxford University Press, 2002

- Stone, Richard, The modern law of contract, 6th Ed. Cavendish publishing, 2005
- Markanda, P.C., The law of contract, 1st Ed., Wadhwa& Company, 2006
- Singh, R.K., Law relating to Electronic Contracts, Lexis Nexis, 2014
- Bhat, Sairam, Law of Business Contracts in India, Saga Publications, 2009

References:

- Poole, Jill, Textbook on contract law, 1st Indian edition, Oxford University Press, 2002
- Stone, Richard, The modern law of contract, 6th Ed. Cavendish publishing, 2005
- Markanda, P.C., The law of contract, 1st Ed., Wadhwa& Company, 2006
- Singh, R.K., Law relating to Electronic Contracts, Lexis Nexis, 2014
- Bhat, Sairam, Law of Business Contracts in India, Saga Publications, 2009

ARTICLES

- 1. Cohen, Morris R., The Basis of Contract, Harvard Law Review, Vol. 46, No. 4 (Feb., 1933), pp. 553-592
- 2. Fuller, Lon L., Consideration and Form, Columbia Law Review , Vol. 41, No. 5 (May, 1941), pp. 799-824
- 3. Scott, Kenneth E., The Evolving Roles of Contract Law: Comment, Journal of Institutional and Theoretical Economics (JITE) / Zeitschriftfür die gesamteStaatswissenschaft, Vol. 152, No. 1, The New Institutional Economics Transformations in the Institutional Structure of Production (March 1996), pp. 55-58.
- 4. Kronman, Anthony T., Mistake, Disclosure, Information, and the Law of Contracts, The Journal of Legal Studies, Vol. 7, No. 1 (Jan., 1978), pp. 1-34.
- 5. Gardner, George K., An Inquiry into the Principles of the Law of Contracts, Harvard Law Review, Vol. 46, No. 1 (Nov., 1932), pp. 1-43.
- 6. Friedmann, W., Changing Functions of Contract in the Common Law, The University of Toronto Law Journal, Vol. 9, No. 1 (1951), pp. 15-41.

Course Name: Jurisprudence (Legal method)

Course Code: LLB 113

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: I

Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will have an elementary understanding of the debates around the nature of law and will able to distinguish between the major kinds of law, legal systems and institutions; know the structure of the legal institutions and the hierarchy of courts in India; acquire the ability to identify legal issues and principles underlying any given factual situation, and to undertake and present research on such issues; know the various sources of law and be able to synthesize such sources and use them to formulate arguments in their research.

UNIT-I

Concept of Law

- a. Legal Method and Introduction to legal System.
- b. Law: Definitions and different perspectives.
- c. Nature and Functions of Law.
- d. Hart's concept of Law and the Indian Constitution.
- e. Social Contract theory.

Unit-II

Sources of Law

- a. Custom
- b. Precedent
- c. Legislations
- d. Judicial Pronouncements

Unit-III

Socio-Economic Approach and philosophy

- a. Law and social change.
- b. Locus Standi.
- c. Public Interest Litigation and Social Interest Litigation.
- d. Judicial Activism.

Unit-IV

Legal-Aid and Lok-Adalat

- a. Meaning and Definition of Legal aid.
- b. Concept of Justice, Liberty and Equality.
- c. Lok-Adalat and its Composition
- d. Ombudsman.

Unit-V

Legal Systems

- a. Separation of Power.
- b. Legal System in U.S.A.
- c. Legal System in U.K.
- d. Legal System in India.

Course Name: Family Law-I

Course Code: LLB 115

Class: LLB 1st Year

Semester: I Credit: 4

Objective: Hindu law refers to the code of laws applied to Hindus, Buddhists, Janis and Sikhs. It also refers to the legal theory, jurisprudence and philosophical reflections on the nature of law discovered in ancient and medieval era. It gives us the base of the society i.e. family. It deals with different families' positions, traditions, rights and duties, family problems and legal solutions to them which directly relate to the society. The main objective of the subject is to resolve the socio-legal disputes arising in the society regarding marriage, divorce, property rights, partition, succession, maintenance, guardianship, adoption etc. It also sensitizes the students about Hindu society for their legal rights and duties.

UNIT-I

- 1. Application of Hindu Law,
- 2. Sources of Hindu Law,
- 3. Schools of Hindu Law,
- 4. Hindu Joint Family, Joint Families, Coparcenary, Classification of Property,
- 5. Karta of Joint Family, Position, Liabilities and Powers of Karta,
- 6. Coparcener's Power of Alienation, Coparcener's Right to Challenge Improper Alienation,
- 7. Alienee's Rights and Remedies

UNIT-II

- 1. The nature and concept of Hindu Marriage..
- 2. Essential Conditions for Valid Hindu Marriage, and Ceremonies of Marriage,
- 3. Registration of Hindu Marriages,
- 4. Remedy of Restitution of Conjugal Rights,
- 5. Void and Voidable Marriages,
- 6. Judicial Separation and Divorce,
- 7. Various Types of Grounds for Divorce and Judicial Separation,

UNIT-III

- 1. Nature and Scope of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956,
- 2. Effects of the Hindu (Succession) Amendment, 2005,
- 3. Rules of Succession to the Property of Hindu Male, Succession to the Property of Hindu Female, Succession to the Mitakshara Coparcerer's Interest,

4. General Rules of Succession, Partition. Subject Matter of Partition, Persons who have a right to Partition Right to Share

UNIT-IV

- 1. Nature and Scope of The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956,
- 2. Concept of Minority and Guardianship.
- 3. Types of Guardians
- 4. Natural Guardians and their Powers,
- 5. Testamentary Guardian: Appointment and Powers,
- 6. Certified Guardian,
- 7. Defecto Guardian,
- 8. Guardian By Affinity.

UNIT-V

- 1. The Hindu Adoption & Maintenance Act, 1956,
- 2. Nature of Adoption,
- 3. Essential Conditions for Valid Adoption,
- 4. Effects of Adoption,
- 5. Registration of Adoption,
- 6. Personal Obligation,
- 7. Maintenance of Dependents,
- 8. Quantum of Maintenance,
- 9. Maintenance As a Charge on Property

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- RanganathMisra, Mayne's Treatise on Hindu Law & Usage (16th ed. 2008)
- Sanajeet A. Desai, Mulla Principles of Hindu Law, Vol. I & II 21st ed. 2010)
- Paras Diwan and Peeyushi Divan, Modern Hindu Law (Allahabad Law Agency, Reprint 2018)
- Duncan M. Derrell, A Critique of Modern Hindu Lan (1970)
- Basant K Sharma. Hindu Lanv. (Central Law Publication Sth Ed 2017)

Course Name: Constitutional Law - I

Course Code: LLB 117

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: I Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- 1. Constitution of India is the pillar on which the governance of our country rests.
- 2. The course aims to examine the political, social and economic value structure of the Constitution of India.
- 3. The balancing of positive responsibility of the state to establish a economy of growth, social justice and political aspiration of all sections of the Indian society through Constitutional Governance.
- 4. The objective of this course is to make students understand the basic concepts of Indian constitution.

It has **5 modules** which are as follows:

UNIT-I (Lecture : 5)

- 1. Nature ,Silent features and Preamble of the Constitution of India
- 2. Union and its Territory
- 3. Citizenship

UNIT-II (Lecture :7)

- 1. Fundamental rights in general (Article-12 and 13)
- 2. Right to Equality(Art.14),
- 3. Special Provision for Weaker Sections of the Society,
- 4. Reservation Policy,

UNIT- III (Lecture :12)

- 1. Fundamental Freedoms under Art. 19,
- 2. Freedom of Press.
- 3. Protection in respect of conviction of offence (Act-20),
- 4. Right to Life and Personal Liberty Article 21),
- 5. Protection against Arrest and Detention (Art 22),

UNIT - IV (Lecture : 13)

- 1. Right against Exploitation (Art-23 & 24),
- 2. Right to Religion (Art 25-28).
- 3. Cultural & Educational Rights of Minorities (Art.29 & 30).

UNIT-V (Lecture: 11)

- 1. Right to Constitutional Remedies(Art, 32),
- 2. Directive Principles of State Policy,
- 3. Fundamental Duties

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. Kagzi, M.C. Jain. The Consitutional of India, (Vol. 1 & 2, New Delhi, India Law House, 2001)
- 2. Pylee, M.V. Constitutional Amendments in India (Delhi, Universal Law, 2003)
- 3. Hasan, Zoya & E. Sridharan. India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies (Delhi, Permanent Black, 2002 ed.)
- 4. Basu, Durga Das. Commentary on the Constitution of India, (Calcutta, DebidasBasu, 1989 Ed.)

Seervi, H.M. Constitutional Law of India (Vol. I & II, III, Bombay N.M. Tripathi, 1991) Chaube, Shibanikinkar. Constituent Assembly of India (New Delhi, Wadhwa and Com.Pvt. Ltd.

- 5. Bakshi, P.M. The Constitution of India (Delhi Universal Law Publishing, 2002)
- 6. Jain Subhash C. The Constitution of India; Select Issues &Percetpions (New Delhi TaxmannPublications, 2000) .

Course Name: Law of Torts (MV Accident and Consumer protection Laws)

Course Code: LLB 119

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: I Credit: 4

Course Objectives:

To primarily concerned with redressal of wrongful civil action by awarding compensation. In a society where men live together, conflict interests are bound to occur and they may from time to time cause damage to one or the other. In addition with the rapid industrialization tortuous liability has come to be against manufacturers and industrial units. As the law of tort is a basically a judge made law, students are required to make a judicial pronouncements. They are required to keep themselves with the latest developments extending to the entire course.

Course Contents::

UNIT 1 12 Lectures

- 1. Nature & Definition of Tort
- 2. Motive,
- 3. Capacity
- 4. Joint Tort fessors
- 5. General defences,

UNIT 2 11 Lectures

- 1. Vicarious liability,
- 2. Remoteness of Damage
- 3. Extinction of liability,
- 4. Strict liability and Absolute liability,

UNIT 3 9 Lectures

- 1. Negligence
- 2. Nervous shock
- 3. Nuisance

UNIT 4 8 Lectures

- 1. Trespass to land and goods
- 2. Nuisance,
- 3.Defamation
- 4. Assault & Dattery

UNIT 5 8 Lectures

- 1. Evolution of Consumer Law.
- 2. The Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
- 3. Remedies (including remedies under MV Act 1989).

Course Name: Legal English & communication skills

Course Code: LLB 121

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: I

Credit: 4

Objective

This course will focus on enhancement of student's thought, ideas and vision for practical application in their professional life. Combined with communication skills, the paper will help in developing critical and analytical skills among the among the students. Further business communication will make their professional communication effective.

UNIT I: Comprehension and Composition

- a) Reading comprehension of general and legal texts
- b) Paragraph and precise Writing
- c) Abstract writing
- d) Drafting of Reports and Notices

UNIT II: Language and Law

- a) Meaning and communication approaches: types, directions and challenges.
- b) Culture and language sensitivity
- c) Legal sensitivity
- d) Legal maxims
- e) Sounds of spoken language: Phonetics

UNIT III: Literature and Law

- a) Play 'Justice' By John Galsworthy (Justice Was A 1910 Crime Play By The British Writer John Glasworthy)
- b) The Trial Of Bhagat Singh
- c) Biography/Autobiography Of Martin Luther and Nelson Mandela

UNIT IV: Business Communication

- a) Theories of business communication: Importance of communication
- b) Communication Process
- c) Significance of Feedback
- d) Barriers to effective communication, ways to overcome the barriers

UNIT V:E-correspondence

- a) E-correspondence: Meaning and concept
- b) E-Mail:Guidelines for smart E-mail
- c) Constructing the message
- d) Tools for presenting messages

Textbooks:

- 1. J.S Singh & Nishi Behl, legal language, writing and general English, Allahabad Law Agency,2009
- 2. N.R. Madhav Menon, Clinical Legal Education, Eastern Book company, 2011(Reprint)

References:

- 1. Jenny Chapman, Interviewing and counseling, Routledge Cavendish, 2000(2ndEdn)
- 2. Stephens P. Robbins, Organizational Behaviour, Perason Education India, 2013 (15thEdn)
- 3. John Galsworthy, Justice, F.Q. Books, 2010 4.

Varinder Kumar, Raj Bodh, et. Al., Busness Communication, Oscar Publication, 2010

Course Name: Social Awareness: Legal awareness

Course Code: LLB 123

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: I

Credit: 1

Objective-

This course is for the empowerment of individuals regarding issues involving the law. Legal awareness helps to promote consciousness of legal culture, participation in the formation of laws and the rule of law. This course aims to empower the youth of our country with the knowledge of their legal rights and duties, ultimately to be able to share power equally, gain full access to the means of development and to inspire a whole generation to work together towards achieving gender equality and justice.

Course Content

It has 5 units which are as follows:

Unit-I FEATURES OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

- a. Preamble
- b. Fundamental rights
- c. Fundamental duties
- d. DPSP
- e. Writs
- f. Emergency provisions

Unit-II FAMILY LAW

- a. Marriage and Divorce
- b. Judicial Separation
- c. Special Marriage Act, 1954
- d. Guardianship and Adoption Maintenance
- e. Women and Right to Property

Unit-III CRIMINAL LAW

- a. Obscenity
- b. Dowry death
- c. Acid Attack
- d. Outraging the modesty of women
- e. Kidnapping and abduction
- f. Rape and sexual assault
- g. Cruelty
- h. Domestic Violence

Unit-IV LABOUR LAWS

a. Prevention of sexual Harassment at Workplace Act, 2013

- b. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 the Factories Act, 1948
- c. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976

Unit- V PROCEDURAL GUIDELINES

(7

Lectures)

- a. Free Legal Aid and Services
- b. Right of an Arrested Person Bailable / non bailable offences
- c. Family Court
- d. Crimes against Women cell
- e. Mahila Courts

TEXTBOOKS:

- Kai Ambos, Judith Large, Marieke wierda, Building a Furture on Peace and Justice: Studies on Transitional Justice, Peace and Development The Nuremberg Declaration on Peace and Justice, Springer Science & Business Media, 2008
- 2. Andrew Byrnes, Mika Hayashi, Christopher Michaelsen, International Law in the New Age Of Globalization, MartinusNijhoff Publishers, 2013
- 3. New Age of Globalization, MartinusNijhoff Publishers, 2013
- 4. Jan Aart Scholte, Globalization A critical introduction
- 5. Jarrod Wiener Globalization and the harmonization of law
- 6. Michael Goodhart Democracy as Human Rights Freedom and Equality in the age of Globalization
- 7. James H Mitelman, The Globalization Syndrome

ARTICLES:

- 1. Joseph Stiglitz, Making Glogalisation Work: The Next Step to Global Justice, Penigun 2007
- 2. Antony Anghie (Editor), The Third World and International Order: Law, Politics, and Globalization, Kluwer Law International , 2003

IINDSEMESTER

Course Name: Law of Contract-II

Course Code: LLB 112

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Objective-

The objective of this paper will impart comprehensive information of Indemnity, Guarantee, Agency, Partnership, and Sale of goods Act.

Unit-1

(A) Indemnity

- 1. The concepts
- 2. Need for indemnity to facilitate commercial transactions
- 3. Definition of Indemnity
- 4. Nature and extent of liability of indemnifier
- 5. Commencement of liability of the indemnifier
- 6. Situations of various types of Indemnity creations
- 7. Agreements of indemnity

(B) Guarantee

- 1. Definition of Guarantee: as distinguished from indemnity
- 2. Basic essentials for a valid guarantee contract
- 3. Continuing guarantee
- 4. Nature of surety's liability-duration and termination of such liability
- 5. Creation and identification of continuing guarantees
- 6. Rights of surety
- 7. Co-surety and manner of sharing liabilities and rights
- 8. Extent of surety's liability
- 9. Discharge of surety's liability

Unit-ll

(A) Bailment

- 1. Manner of creation of bailment contracts
- 2. Commercial utility of Bailment contracts
- 3. Definition of bailment
- 4. Kinds of Bailor and Bailee towards each other
- 5. Rights of Bailor and Bailee
- 6. Finder of goods as a Bailee
- a. Liability towards true owner

- b. Obligation to keep the goods safe
- c. Right to dispose off the goods

(B) Pledge

- 1. Pledge: comparison without bailment
- 2. Commercial utility of pledge transactions
- 3. Definition of pledge under Indian Contract Act
- 4. Other statutory regulations (state and Centre) regarding pledge, reasons for the same
- 5. Rights of the pawner and pawnee
- 6. Pledge by certain specified persons mentioned in the Indian Contract Ad

Unit-III: Agency

- 1. Identification of different kinds of agency transactions in day to day life in the commercial world
- 2. Kinds of agents and agencies, distinction between agents and servants
- 3. Essentials of a agency transactions
- 4. Various methods of creations of agency
- 5. Delegation
- 6. Duties and rights of agent
- 7. Scope and extent of agent's authority
- 8. Liability of the principal for acts of agents including misconduct and tort of agent
- 9. Liability of the agent towards the principal
- 10. Personal liability towardthe parties
- 11. Methods of termination of agency contract

Unit-IV: Sale of goods act

- 1. Concept of sale as a contract
- 2. Illustrative instances of sales of goods and the nature of such contracts
- 3. Essentials of contracts of sale
- 4. Essential condition in every contract of sale
- 5. Implied terms in contract of sale
- 6. The rule of Caveat Emptor and the exceptions thereto under the Sales of Goods Act
- 7. Changing concept of caveat emptor
- 8. Effect and meaning of implied warrantees in a sale
- 9. Transfer of title and passing of risks
- 10. Delivery of goods: various rules regarding delivery of goods.
- 11. Unpaid seller and his rights
- 12. Remedies for breach of contract

Unit-V: Partnership

- 1. Nature of partnership: definition
- 2. Distinct advantages vis-a-vis partnership and private limited company
- 3. Mutual relationship between partners
- 4. Authority of partners
- 5. Admission of partners
- 6. Outgoing of partners
- 7. Registration of partnership
- 8. Dissolution of partnership

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Avtar Singh, Contract Act (2000) Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
- 2. Avtar Singh, Principles of the Law of Sales of Goods and Hire Purchase (1998), Eastern book Company, Lucknow
- 3. Bangia, R.K. Contract II, Allahabad Law Agency
- 4. R.K. Abhichandani (ed.) Pollack and mulla on Contract And Specific Relief Acts (1999), Tripathi, Bombay
- 5. Krishna Nair, Law of Contract (1999) Orient Law House, New Delhi
- 6. J.P. Verma (ed.) Singh and Gupta , The Law of partnership in India(1999) Orient law House, New Delhi
- 7. A.G. Guest (ed.) Benjamin's Sales of Goods (1992), Sweet and Maxwell.
- 8. Bhashyam and Adiga, The Negotiable Instrument Act(1995) Bharath, Allahabad
- 9. Beatson (ed.), Anson's law of Contract (1998), Oxford, London

Course Name: Environmental Law

Course Code: LLB 114

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Course Objectives

The paper seeks to inculcate a general awareness of the major problems of environmental protection in three categories: (1) Protection of the environment, (2) Pollution abatement, and (3) Protection of natural and living resources, and the major legal framework obtaining in the Indian law.

Unit I

General Introduction to Environmental Studies

- 1. Natural resources and its kinds
- 2. Concept of pollution of the environment
- 3. Impact of pollution on natural resources (forest, water, minerals, food energy, Land, air)
- 4. Sources of environment law
- 5. India's ancient tradition and environment law
- 6. Evolution of the Indian laws re. Protection of the environments

Unit II

Environmental Pollution and Prevention

- 1. Definition and causes of pollution
- 2. Types of Pollution:
 - (a) Air pollution
 - (b) Water pollution
 - (c) Soil pollution
 - (d) Marine pollution
 - (e) Noise pollution
 - (f) Thermal pollution
 - (g) Nuclear hazards
- 3. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981 and judiciary's initiative
- 4. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and judiciary's initiative
- 5. Environment Protection Act 1986
- 6. Noise pollution and judiciary's initiative
- 7. Coastal zone management

Unit III

Protection of Forest Habitat

- 1. Forest law in India
- 2. Sustainable use of forest
- 3. Role of central government in forest protection
- 4. Wildlife protection Act 1972
- 5. Judicial initiative for wildlife protection Act

Unit IV

Resource Management

- 1. Land resources management
- 2. Wetlands management
- 3. Water resources management
- 4. Ground water management
- 5. Environment impact assessment

Unit V

Contribution of Indian Judiciary

- 1. Articles in constitution of India
- 2. Polluter pays principle
- 3. Precautionary principle
- 4. Public Trust Doctrine
- 5. Compensation and rehabilitation

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. K.D. Gaur, Criminal Law -Cases and Material, Universal Law Publishing Co.
- 2. R. C. Nigam, Law of Crimes -Principles of Criminal Law, Asia Publication House Reference Books: 1. K. I. Vibhute (Rev.), P.S.A.Pillai's Criminal Law, Lexis NexisButterworths India 2008.
- 2. V.B. Raju, Indian Penal Code, 1860, State Mutual Book and Periodical Service Ltd.
- 3. K.N.C. Pillai &ShabistanAquil (Rev.), Essays on the Indian Penal Code (The Indian Law Institute, 2005)
- 4. K.T. Thomas and MA Rashid, Ratanlal&Dhirajlal's The Indian Penal Code, Lexus Nexis, 2015.

Course Name: Family Law-II (Mohammedan Law)

Course Code: LLB 116

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Objective: To overview of Muslim law in its historical and evolutional perspective. It includes a critical analysis of the history, development, and the schools of Muslim law, classical and modern theories, evolution of the law up to the present and its contemporary applications. It comprehensively covers the law of marriage, dissolution of marriages, guardianship, talaq, maintenance, paternity and the concept of legitimacy among Muslim and deals with debts and bequest (wasiyat), hiba (gift) and Muslim law of inheritance, the family courts, the civil Marriage Law, the Special Marriage Act etc. The main objective of the subject is to sensitize the students about the Islamic society, their legal rightsand duties.

UNIT 1

- 1. Status and Scope of Muslim Law in India,
- 2. Statutory Application of Muslim Law including the Muslim Personal Law (Shariat) Application

Act, 1937;

- 3. Sources of Muslim Law and their position in India
- 4. Schools of Muslims in India,.

UNIT 2

- 1.Muslim Marriage(Nikah)- legal requirements including all forms of Marriage and Legal impediments thereon,
- 2. Effects of marriage
- 3. Marital Rights, including dower and its Characteristics and Enforcement;
- 4. Special terms and conditions in marriage and their enforcement;
- 5. Post Marriage Conversion to Islam
- 6. Post Marriage renunciation of Islam,

UNIT 3

- 1.Divorce and its Policy in Islam
- 2. Forms of divorce in Muslim Law of India, including divorce by wife outside and through courts

under the Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act, 1939,

- 3. Post-Divorce Rights of parties including iddat period, remarriage,
- 4. Maintenance including the Muslim Women(Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986 and Maintenance of Wife and Widow under Ss 125-128 Cr.P.C., 1973.

UNIT 4

- 1. Surviving Spouse- his or her right to inherit;
- 2. Deceased wife's dower, widow's lien/wife's right to retain,
- 3. Rights of deceased husband's heirs, transferability and inheritability of dower,

- 4. Parent Child relations including acknowledgement of paternity and concept of Legitimacy;
- 5. Concept of Minority and puberty including guardianship and custody of minor's person and/or property; Parents maintenance under Muslim Law and Cr.P.C. (Ss 125-128),

UNIT 5

- 1. Disposition of property including gifts(hiba), debts and bequests (wasiyat);
- 2. Revocation and lapse of legacies,
- 3. Bequest to heirs, and bequeathable third and death-bed transactions,
- 4. Muslim Law of inheritance including Women's right to inherit and disqualification of heirs;
- 5. Muslim Law on Increase and return,
- 6. Muslim Law relating to wakfs and their administration including the Wakf Act, 1995.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1.M. Hidayatullah& Arshad Hidayatullah, Mulla, Principles of Mahomedan Law (19th ed., 1990)

(reprint 2010)

- 2. Asaf A.A. Fyzee, Outlines of Muhammadan Law (5th ed., 2008)
- 3. Tahir Mohmmad. Introduction to Muslim Law (Universal Law Publisher, 2nd Ed. 2014)
- 4. Paras Diwan. Muslim Law in India. (Allahabad Agency, Reprint 2017)
- 5. M.P. Tandon. Muslim Law in Modern India. (Allahabd Law Agency, Reprint 2012)
- 6. M.A. Qureshi. Muslim Law. (Central Law Publication, 5th Ed. 2015)
- 7. H.D. Kohli. Muslim Law Cases & Material. (Universal Law Publication, 1st Ed. 2012)
- 8. Tahir Mohmmad. Muslim Law in India and Abroad (Universal Law Publisher, 2nd Ed.2016

Course Name: Constitutional Law II

Course Code: LLB 118

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Objective: Constitution of India is the pillar on which the governance of our country rests. The course aims to examine political, social and economic value structure of the constitution of India. The balancing of positive responsibility of the state to establish a economy of growth, social justice and political aspiration of all sections of the Indian society through constitutional governance.

The objective of the paper is to apprise the students with the laws relating to system of governance at the Union and State level.

UNIT-I

1. The Union Executive

- I. Forms of Government-presidential and Parliamentary
- II. The nature and extent of executive power- the position, power and functions of the president.
- III. Procedure for the election and impeachment of president
- IV. Constitutional position of the president
- V. Vice president- power, function, election and removal
- VI. Council of Ministers
- VII. Attorney General of India

2. State Executive

- I. Constitutional power of Governor
- II. The position power and functions of the Governor
- III. Advocate General for the State
- IV. Comparison between Presidential power and Power of Governor

UNIT -II: Union Legislature and State Legislature

- 1. Powers of Chairman Deputy Chairman, Speaker and Deputy Speaker-their removal from Office, Salaries and priviledges of Parliament and its members.
- 2. Legislative Procedure, Various stages in the enactment of a statute, Sitting of house, Procedure relating to ordinary bills, money bills and financial bills.
- 3. Composition and duration of the houses the legislative procedure and privileges by the house
- 4. The doctrine of Pleasure

UNIT-III: Judiciary

Union Judiciary

- 1. Establishment and constitution of Supreme Court
- 2. Qualification, appointment and removal of Judges
- 3. Original, Appellate and Advisory Jurisdiction of Supreme court

State Judiciary

- 1. High Court Judge's appointment, qualification conditions of services.
- 2. Removal and transfer of Judges
- 3. Powers and Jurisdiction of High Courts
- 4. Subordinate courts -appointment of district judges, control over subordinate courts
- 5. Doctrine Stare decisis

UNIT-IV: Legislative Relations

- 1. Distribution of legislative powers between the Union and State
- 2. Freedom of Trade, commerce and Intercourse

UNIT-V: Miscellaneous Provisions

- 1. Civil service under Constitution
- 2. Government liability in Contract and Torts
- 3. Election Commission: constitution and powers of election commission
- 4. Emergency provisions
- 5. Constitutional amendments

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. J.N. Pandey Constitutional Law of India. Central Law Agency
- 2. M.P. Jain Constitutional Law Wadhawa and Company, Nagpur
- 3. V.N. Shukla-Constitution of India, Eastern Book Company
- 4. D.D. Basu Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis India.
- 5. H.M. Seeravai -Constitutional Law of India. Universal Law Publishing Company Ltd.
- 6. K. C. Wheare- Modern Constitution. Thomas and Hudson 1990
- 7. P.M. Bakshi- The Constitution of India. Universal Law Publication.

Course Name: Public International Law

Course Code: LLB 120

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Course Objectives

To apprise the students about the similarities and difference between Municipal law and International Law, various sources, explanation of the term State including types of states, Recognition of State, Extradition, Asylum, Diplomatic agents, Amicable and Coercive modes of settlement of dispute, War, Blockade, Evolution of human rights and its National and international perspective.

UNIT-I

- 1. Definition, Nature and Sanctions of International Law,
- 2. Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law,
- 3. Sources and subjects of International Law including position of individual

UNIT-II

- 1. State Territory,
- 2. State Jurisdiction,
- 3. Recognition of States and Governments,
- 4. Acquisition and loss of State Territory,

UNIT-III

- 1. State Succession,
- 2. Extradition,
- 3. Asylum,
- 4. Settlement of Disputes

UNIT-IV

- 1. Nature, Definition and Effects of War,
- 2. Belligerent Occupation,
- 3. War Crimes,
- 4. Contraband,
- S. Blockade,
- 6. Prize Counts,
- 7. Enemy Character, Rules of Warfare

UNIT-V

- 1. Human Rights: Concept of Human Rights,
- 2. Provisions of U.N. Charter relating to Human Rights,
- 3. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 and its Legal Significance,
- 4. Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966

- 5. Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,
- 6. National Commission on Human Rights

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. Starke's International Law (Oxford University Press Butterworth & Co. publisher Ltd. 11th Ed.

2013)

- 2. V.K. Ahuja. Public International Law (Lexis Nexis, Ist Ed. 2016)
- 3. V.C. Govindaraj. Conflict of Laws-Cases and Materials (Lexis Nexis, 1st Ed. 2017)
- 4. Aggarwal, H.O. Public International Law and Human Rights (Central Law Publications Ed. 20
- 5. Kappor, S.K. International Law (Central Law Publications 2013)
- 6. Harris, D.J. Cases and Material on International Law (Sweet & Maxwell Ed. 2013)
- 7. Greig, DW. International Law (Butterworths and Co. (Publishers) Ed. 2007)

Course Name: Administrative Law

Course Code: LLB 122

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Objective-

- 1) The objective of studying of administrative law is to understand the nature of administration and the rule of law.
- 2) To make students understand the nature, scope, concept, necessity and growth of Administrative law.
- 3) To familiarize the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of the general principles of the Administrative Law.
- 4) To make the students understand the difference between Constitutional law and administrative law.
- 5) To make the students aware of the working of Administration.

Unit-1: Introduction

- 1. Meaning, Definition & Scope of Administrative Law
- 2. Sources & Development of Administrative Law
- 3. Relationship between Constitutional Law and Administrative Law
- 4. Separation of powers & Constitutional law
- 5. Rule of law & Constitutional law
- 6. Distinction between judicial, quasi-judicial and Administrative functions
- 7. Relationship between Constitutional law and Administrative Law

Unit-II: Delegated Legislation

- 1. Delegated Legislation Definition & Form
- 2. Necessity of Delegated Legislation
- 3. Reasons for the growth of Delegated Legislation
- 4. Types of Delegated Legislation
- 5. General Limitations upon Delegation of Powers Principles:
 - i. Subsidiarity
 - ii. Delegatus non potestdelegare
- 6. Droit Administratif

Unit-III: Principle of Natural Justice and Rule of Law

- 1. Natural Justice & Legal Justice
- 2. Basic principles of natural law:

- i. No man can be judge of his own cause (Dr. Bonham's Case)
- ii. Audi alteram partem (right to fair hearing)
- 3. Exceptions to the rule of Natural Justice
- 4. Effects of non-compliance with principles of Natural Justice
- 5. Rule against Bias: Principle against arbitrariness: Wednesbury Rule

Unit-IV: Adjudication & Judicial Review Power under the Administrative law

- 1. Need for Administrative Adjudication
- 2. Modes of Administrative Decision making
- 3. Administrative Tribunals
- 4. Judicial Review of Administrative Actions: Constitutional Framework
- 5. Doctrine of ultra vires
- 6. Power to review own Decisions
- 7. Grounds for review:
 - i. Failure to exercise discretion
 - ii. Excess of discretionary authority
 - iii. Arbitrary exercise of discretion
- 8. Doctrine of proportionality
- 9. Doctrine of Legitimate Expectations

Unit-V: Administrative Discretion & Mechanism for Control of Administrative Actions A. Meaning of Discretionary Power & its rationale

- 1. Scope of discretion & Grounds for challenging the exercise of Administrative Discretion
- 2. Abuse of discretion Study of case-law:
 - a. Non-application of mind
 - b. Improper purpose
 - c. Irrelevant considerations
 - d. Fettering of discretion acting under dictation
- 3. Sovereign immunity in Administrative Law

B. Institutional controls on Administrative Actions

- a. Public audit
- b. Commissions of Enquiry
- c. Ombudsman in India (Lokpal &Lokayuktha)
- d. The Right to Information Act

C. Methods of judicial review

- a. Statutory appeals
- b. Writs
- c. Declaratory judgments and injunctions

d. Civil Suits for Compensation

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. K. Takwani, Lectures on Administrative Low, Eastern Books Co, Lucknow
- 2. P. Mittal, Natural Justice Judicial Review & Administrative Low
- 3. HWR Wade & CF Forsyth, Administrative Low, OUP, 2009.
- 4. MP Jain, Cases & Materials On Indian Administrative Low, LexisNexis, New Delhi, 1 stedn. 1994
- 5. Tushar KantiSoha, Administrative Law, Kanishka, 2001

ARTICLES:

- 1.Ajoy P.B., Administrative Action and the Doctrine of Proportionality in India, http://www.iosrjournals.org/iosr-jhss/papers/Vol1-issue6/D0161623.pdf
- 2.Justice MarkandeyKatju., Administrative law and judicial review of administrative action, http://www.ebcindia.com/lawyer/articles/2005_8_25.htm
- 3.Anupa V. Thapliyal, Central Administrative Tribunals and Their Power to Issue Directions, Orders or Writs Under Articles 226 and 227 of the Constitution, http://www.ebc india.com/lawyer/articles/92v4a4.htm
- 4.ShubhamManojKhare, Administrative Discretion & Limitation on Administrative Discretion By Article 14 & 16 of the Indian Constitution, http://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=1465519
- 5. D.Y.Chandrachud, Constitutional and Administrative Law in India, http://scholarship.law.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1142&context=ijli
- 6. Prof. S.S. Vishweshwaraiah, Emerging Trends In Administrative Law, http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/P3/CIP71/5.pdf
- 7. A. T. Markose, 'Judicial Control of Administrative Action in India. A Study in Methods.'http://www.jstor.org/stable/pdfplus/1337434.pdf?acceptTC=true
- 8. Y Pardhasaradhi, Ravinder Kaur, Administrative Reforms for Good Governance, http://socialsciences.in/article/administrative-reforms-good-governance
- 9.162nd Report of the Law Commission on Central Administrative Tribunal, http://lawcommissionofindia.nic.in/101-169/report162.pdf

Course Name: Moot Court,

Course Code: LLB 124

Class: LLB 1st year

Semester: II

Credit: 4

Objective- The objective of this subject is to teach students how to do legal research, present arguments and prepare memorial in a moot court along with basics professional ethics required in a court room.

IIIRDSEMESTER

Course Code: LLB 211	
Class: LLB 2 nd year	
Semester: III	
Credit: 4	
Course Objectives:	
This paper will deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishments as well as marital offences.	
Unit-1:Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law	
Lectures)	
a. Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code	
b. Definition of Crime	
c. Constituents Elements of Crime: Actus Reus and Mens rea	
d. Stages in commission of a Crime- Intention, Preparation, Attempt etc.	
Unit-II:General Exceptions (Sections 76-106)	
Lectures)	
a. Definitions	
b. Mistake	
c. Judicial and Executive acts	
d. Accident	
e. Necessity	
f. Infancy	
g. Insanity	
h. Intoxication	
i. Consent	
j. Good Faith	
k. Private Defense against Body and Property	
Unit-III:Incoherent Forms of Crime	
Lectures)	
a. Joint and Constructive Liability	
b. Criminal Conspiracy	
c. Attempt	
d. Abetment	
Unit-IV:Punishment	
Lectures)	

- b. Offence against Public Tranquility,
- c. Theories of Punishment with special reference to Capital Punishment

Unit-V: Marital offences (10

Lectures)

- a. Offences relating to marriage (Chapter-XX)-Bigamy, Adultery etc.
- b. Offences of cruelty by the Husband or relatives of Husband(Chapter-XXA/Section 498A)

Reference Books

- 1. Ratanlal Dhiraj Lal, The Indian Penal Code, Lexis Nexis, Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur, 2012
- 2. K.D. Gaur, Textbook on Indian Penal Code, Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi, 2012
- 3. PS A Pillai, Criminal Law, Lexis Nexis, 14" Edition, 2019
- 4. Bare Act of Indian Penal Code, 1860
- 5. https://unacademy.com/lesson/criminal-law-overview/XLHB52G3

Course Name: Corporate Laws

Course Code: LLB 213

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: III

Credit: 4

OBJECTIVES: The emphasis in this course is on the fundamentals principles, concepts and doctrines revolving around the subject around the subject matter of corporate law covering from pre incorporating to the establishment, management and to winding up companies. The course content has been designed keeping in mind the companies Act, 2013 and its implications on the corporate sector.

UNIT-I: COMPANY FORM & STRUCTURE

- a) Corporate Personality, personification-Concept & Jurisprudential aspects
- b) Company- Definition, Nature, Characteristics
- c) Classification of Companies
- d) Doctrine of piercing of the corporate veil- Statutory exceptions and judicial interpretations
- e) Promotion of companies-Legal position of Promoters, duties and Liabilities
- f) Pre-incorporation Contracts

UNIT-II: COMPANY-REGISTRATION AND INCORPORATION

- a) Memorandum of Association-Importance and contents
- b) Articles of Association-significance and Interrelationship
- c) Doctrine of Ultra vires- Applicability, consequences
- d) Doctrine of constructive Notice- Rule of presumption
- e) Doctrine of Indoor management-Concept & exceptions
- f) Prospectus (meaning, issue and kinds)

UNIT-III: CORPORATE FUND RAISING

- a) Share/Equity Capital-Meaning and Nature of shares, kinds of shares
- b) Rights issue, Bonus issue, rationale, mechanism
- c) Allotment-Principles & Procedure
- d) Debenture/Debt Capital-Concept, meaning and kinds
- e) Debenture Trustee, Debenture Trust Deed
- f) Shareholder vis-a-vis Debenture holder

UNIT-IV: CORPORATE MANAGEMENT

- a) Directors-Meaning, Types, Qualifications, Disqualifications
- b) Legal position of Directors
- c) Shadow, De-Facto and De-jury Director
- d) Powers and Duties of directors
- e) Meetings-kinds and requisites of valid meeting

UNIT-V: CORPORATE ABUSE AND REMEDIES

- a) Shareholders Democracy
- b) Majority Powers and minority rights
- c) Principle of Non-Inference (Rule established in Foss v Harbottle)
- d) Protection against oppression
- e) Protection against Mismanagement

UNIT-VI: CORPORATE COLLAPSE

- a) Winding up-Meaning and Types
- b) Modes of winding up and Procedure
- c) Winding up by the tribunal
- d) Voluntary winding up
- e) Merger and acquisition of company(Arcelor Mittal and Air India case)
- f) Reconstruction and Amalgamation

Text Books:

- 1. Ramaiyya, Guide to Companies Act, 2013
- 2. Charlesworth & Morse, Company Law
- 3. Gower & Davies, Principles of Modern Company Law
- 4. K Majumdar, Dr. G K Kapoor Company Law & Practice, Taxman
- 5. Sekhar K, SEBI Capital Issues, Debentures and Listing, Wadhwa And Company, Nagpur
- 6. CR Dutta On The Company Law, 6th Edn., 2008 by Kamal Gupta
- 7. Pennington, Company Law
- 8. Agarwal & Baby on SEBI Act, Taxman Publications
- 9. Palmer, Company Law
- 10. Nicolas Bourne, Principles of Company Law

Course Name: Property Law

Course Code: LLB 217

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: III

Credit: 4

Objective: Objective: Property Law is one of the basic fundamental laws. It mainly deals with transfer of Immovable Property among the Living persons; the students are made aware regarding the basic principles of Transfer of Property as well as specific transfer like Election, Part Performance, Sale, Mortgage, Lease, Charge and Gift. This paper is very useful in practice for advocates since most of the common disputes are directly and indirectly associated with the Right to Property.

UNIT- I (13 Lectures)

- 1. Object and Scope of the Transfer of Property, 1882,
- 2. Interpretation Clause (Section-3), Definition of Transfer of Property
- 3. Subject Matter of Transfer,
- 4. Persons competent to Transfer, Oral Transfer,
- 5. Condition restraining alienation restriction repugnant to interest created
- 6. Transfer for the benefit of Unborn Person

UNIT-II (10 Lectures)

- 1. Rule Against Perpetuity,
- 2. Vested and Contingent Interests,
- 3. Conditional Transfer
- 4. Doctrine of Election
- 5. Apportionment,
- 6. Transfer of Property by Ostensible Owner(Section-41)

UNIT-III (9 lectures))

- 1. Transfer by unauthorized Person who subsequently acquires Interest in Property Transferred,
- 2. Transfer by One Co-owner,
- 3. Joint Transfer for consideration,
- 4. Priority of Rights created by Transfer,
- 5. Fraudulent Transfer,
- 6. Doctrine of LIS- Pendens,
- 7. Doctrine of Part-Performance

UNIT-IV (10 Lectures)

- 1. Definition of Sale,
- 2. Rights and Liabilities of Buyer and Seller
- 3. Marshalling by Subsequent Purchaser,
- 4. Definition of Mortgage and kinds of Mortgage (Section 58-59),
- 5. Rights and Liabilities of Mortgagor (Section 60 to 66),
- 6. Rights and Liabilities of Mortgagee (Section 67 to 77),
- 7. Priority (Section 78 to 80).

UNIT-V (6 Lectures)

- 1. Charge (Section 100)
- 2. Definition of Lease,
- 3. Rights and Liabilities of Lessor and Lessee (Section 105 to 108).
- 4. Different Modes of Determination of Lease (Section 111),
- 5. Gift (Section 122 to 129)

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. D.F. Mulla. Transfer of Property Act (Lexis Nexis 11th Ed. 2013)
- 2. Shukla S.N. Transfer of Property, reprint (Allahabad Law Agency. Ed. 2017)
- 3. Sinha R.K. The Transfer of Property Act (Central Law Agency Ed. 2016)
- 4. Tripathi G.P. The Transfer of Property Act (Central Law Publication 19th Ed. 2016)

Course Name: Interpretation of Statutes

Course Code: LLB 219

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: III

Credit: 4

Course Objectives:

In the construction interpretation of statutes, the principle aim of the court must be to carry out the Intention of Legislature. A statute is presumed to make no changes in the common law. For the Law student it is very necessary to know the fundamentals of interpretation, therefore, they are taught different principles of interpretation used by courts to find out the real intention and object of legislation. It is very helpful in legal profession.

UNIT I: 12 Lectures

- 1. Statute: Meaning and Classification,
- 2. Interpretation-Meaning, Object, Purpose
- 3. Basic Principles of Interpretation, Difference between Interpretation and Construction, Rule of Construction-Literal, Golden and Mischief Rules,
- 4. Limitations of the Court

UNIT II: 9 Lectures

- 1. Internal Aid.
- 2. External Aid,
- 3. Interpretation of Mandatory and Directory Provisions,
- 4. Interpretation of Penal and Taxing Statutes

UNIT III: 7 Lectures

- 1. Interpretation of Indian Constitution
- 2. Rule of Ejusdem Generis
- 3. Rule of Noscitur-a-sociis

UNIT IV: 12 Lectures

- 1. Rule of Pari Materia,
- 2. Rule of Stare Decisis
- 3. ContemporaneaExpositio eat optima Et Fortissima in Lege
- 4. Bentham's Theory of Legislation
- 5. Pains and Pleasure,
- 6. Greatest Happiness of Greatest Number,
- 7. Utilitarianism

UNIT V: 8 Lectures

- 1. What is Legislation?
- 2. Who Legislate,
- 3. Restriction on the Legislature,
- 4. Legislation is a Science,
- 5. The Method of Law Reform,
- 6. Principles of Legislation, Relationship between Law and Public Opinion.

Reference Books

- 1 G.P.Singh. Principles of Statutory Interpretation, (Lexis Nexis 14th Edition, 2016)
- 2. Avtar Singh. Introduction to Interpretation of Statutes, (Lexis Nexis 4th Edition, 2014)
- 3. V.P. Sarathi. Interpretation of Statutes, (E.B.C. 5th Edition, 2010)
- 4. Kafaltiya A.B. Interpretation of Statutes, (E.B.C 2016 Latest Ed.)
- 5. D.N.Mathur. Interpretation of Statutes, (Central Law Publication 2013 Latest Ed.)
- 6. R.D. Srivastava. Interpretation of Statutes and Legislation, (Central Law Publication 6th Edition, 2013) .

Course Name: Labour and Industrial Law I

Course Code: LLB 215

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: III

Credit: 4

Course Objectives: To apprise the students with application of various laws for the raising of living standards of labourers and peaceful of resolution of Industrial Disputes. In this regard the functions of Labour Court, Tribunals, and Arbitration are discussed in detail. Strike, Lockout, Role of Trade Unions and the Factories Act etc are explained in detail and easy manner.

UNIT-I: THE INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE ACT, 1947

- 1. Object and main features of the Act.
- 2. Definitions: Appropriate Government, Employer, Industry, Industrial Dispute, Workmen, PublicUtility Service, Industrial Establishment or Undertaking,
- 3. Authorities under the Act (Section 3-9 and 11-15),
- 4. Notice of Change (Section 9-A),
- 5. Reference of Disputes to Boards, Court and Tribunal (section 10),
- 6. Voluntary Reference of Disputes to Arbitration (section 10-A),
- 7. Power of Labour Court and Tribunal to give relief in case of Discharge or Dismissal of Workmen(section 11-A),
- 8. Awards and Settlements (section, 16-21)

UNIT-II: THE INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT 1947

- 1. Definition of Strike and Lockout (section-2), other Statuary Provisions of ID Act, 1947 relating to Strikes and Lockouts (section 22-28),
- 2. Layoff and Retrenchment (section 2, 25A-26E and 25F-25H),
- 3. Compensation to Workmen in case of Transfer of Undertakings (section 25 FF),
- 4. 60 Days Notice to be Given of Intention to Close Down the Undertaking (section 25 FFA)
- 5. Compensation to workmen in case of closing down of undertaking (section 25 FFF), specialprovisions relating to lay off, retrenchment and closure in certain establishments (section 25K-25S),
- 6. Unfair labour practice (section 25 1-250), scope of section 33 and 36 of ID Act, 1947

UNIT-III: THE TRADE UNIONS ACT, 1926

- 1. Development of Trade Unions Law in India,
- 2. Definition: Executive, Registrar, Trade Union,
- 3. Registration of Trade Union (section 3-9), Cancellation of Registration (section-10),
- 4. Appeals (section-II),
- 5. Incorporation of Registered Trade Union (Section 13).

UNIT-IV: THE TRADE UNIONS ACT, 1926

- 1. Right and Liabilities of Registered Trade Union (section 15-18),
- 2. Right to Inspect Books of Trade Union (section 20),
- 3. Right of Minor to be Membership of Trade Union (section 21).
- 4. Disqualification of Office Bearers of Trade Unions (section-2la),
- 5. Proportion of Office Bearers to be connected with an Industry (section 22),
- 6. Change of Name and Amalgamation of Trade Union (section 23 to 26)
- 7. Dissolution and Returns (section 27 & 28)

UNIT-V: THE FACTORIES ACT, 1948

- 1. Definitions: Adult, Adolescent, Child Hazardous Process, Manufacturing Process, Worker, Factory,
- 2. Approval of Licensing and Registration of Factories (section 6).
- 3. Notice by Occupier and Duties of Occupier (section 7).
- 4. Inspector and Certifying Surgeons (section 8 to 10).
- 5. Statutory Provisions relating to Health and Safety (section 11 to 41),
- 6. Welfare (section 42 to 50).
- 7. Working Hours of Adult (51 to 66).
- 8. Employment of Young Persons (section 67 to 77),
- 9. Annual Leave withwages (section 78 to 84)

Text Books:

- 1. C V Memoria and SatishMemoria, Dynamics of Industrial Relation
- 2. K Srivastava. Industrial peace and LabourIn India

References:

- 1. Mishra Labour and Industrial Law
- 2. V.G. Goswami Labour Law
- 3. Madhavanpillai Labour and Industrial Law
- 4.O.P. Malhotra Labour Law
- 5. Nirmal Singh and S K Bhatia Industrial Relation and Collective Bargaining

Course Name: Professional Ethics, Lawyer's Accountability and Bar –Bench Relations

(Theory)

Course Code: LLB 221

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: III

Credit: 4

OBJECTIVE: To explain the students about the importance of ethics in Legal profession, various qualities of advocates, various skills to maintain Bench Bar relatiom, role of BCI and State Bar Council and various types of contempt of Court as well as leading cases on professional misconduct.

UNIT-I

- 1. Meaning of Legal Profession
- 2. Background to Legal Profession in India
- 3. Meaning and Necessity of Professional Ethics
- 4. Standards of Professional Conduct and Etiquette

UNIT-II

- 1. Status and Virtues of an Advocate
- 2. Qualifications and Disqualification for Enrolment
- 3. Qualities of an Advocate
- 4. Right and Various Duties of Advocate
- 5. Bench-Bar Relation

UNIT-III

- 1. Establishment of Bar Council of India
- 2. Functions and Powers of Bar Council
- 3. Establishment of State Bar Councils
- 4. Functions and Powers of State Bar Councils 4.

UNIT IV

- 1. Meaning and Scope of Professional and other Misconducts
- 2. Background to Law of Contempt
- 3. Categories of Contempt of Courts
- 4. Contempt by Lawyers and Judges

UNIT V

- 1. Powers of State Bar Council to Punish for Professional and other Misconduct
- 2. Powers of High Court to Punish Contempt of Subordinate Courts

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. S.P. Gupta. Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations, (latest Ed.2012)
- 2. Kailash Rai, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations (Latest.Ed 2014)
- 3. Dr. Sirohi, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations (Latest Ed.2010)

Course Name: Professional Ethics, Lawyer's Accountability and Bar –Bench Relations (Practical)

Course Code: LLB 251

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: III

Credit: 1

Objective: This course will be taught in association with the practicing Lawyers / retired Judges/ retired Law Teachers. The students will be given Assignment by the subject teacher. Students will record answer to all the Assignment by preparing a Project File. The Project File will be evaluated by the Board of Examiners at the time of Practical/ Viva-voce examination. The course shall comprise of the following:

UNIT: I

- (1) Historical Perspective and Regulation of Legal Profession.
- (2) Admission, Enrolment and Rights of Advocate, Bar Councils.
- (3) Nature and Characteristics of:
 - (a) Ethics of Legal Profession,
 - (b) Legal Profession

UNIT: II

- (1) Contempt of Court:
 - (a) Civil Contempt
 - (b) Criminal Contempt
 - (c) Punishment for Contempt
 - (d) Defences Against Contempt.
 - (e) Constitutional Validity of Contempt Law.
 - (f) Contempt by Lawyers, Judges, State, and Corporate Bodies

UNIT: III

Strike by the Lawyers

UNIT: IV

Extent of Professionalization of Legal Profession

- (a) Code of Ethics for Lawyers
- (b) Professional Misconduct and its Control

UNIT: V

1. Bar-Bench Relations

- Accountability of Lawyers towards Court, Clients and Society
 Role of Law and Legal Profession in Social Transformation

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- Gupta S.P., Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations.
 Rai Kailash, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations.
 Sirohi (Dr.), Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations.

IVTHSEMESTER

Course Name: Law of Crime –II (Criminal procedure code, 1978)

Course Code: LLB 212

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: IV

Credit: 4

Objective: Of all the branches of law, criminal law is the most important branch of law, because it closely touches and concerns man in his day-today affairs. The Criminal Procedure is an inseparable part of the penal law. Without the Criminal procedure code, the substantive criminal law will become worthless and meaningless. Our law of criminal procedure is mainly contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973. It provides the machinery for the detection of crime, apprehension of suspected criminals, collection of evidence, determination of the guilt or innocence of the suspected person and the imposition of suitable punishment on the guilty person. With this perspective this subject is designed to make the student understand how the Criminal Procedure Code controls and regulates the working of the machinery set up for the investigation and trial of offence

UNIT-I

- 1. Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices (Section 6-25),
- 2. Power of Courts (Section 26-35),
- 3. Power of Superior Officers of Police (Section-36),
- 4. Arrest of Persons (Section 41-60),
- 5. Difference between Summons and Warrant,
- 6. Difference between cognizable and non-cognizable offences,
- 7. Rules regarding Proclamation and attachment(Section 82-86),
- 8. Difference between Bailable and non-bailable offence,
- 9. Difference between compoundable and non-compoundable offences

UNIT-II

- 1. Provisions as to Bail and Bonds (Section 436-450),
- 2. Order for maintenance of wives, children and parents (Section 125-128),
- 3. Information to the Police and their powers to Investigate (Section 154-176),
- 4. Jurisdiction of Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials (Section 177-189),

UNIT-III

- 1. The Charge (Section 211-224),
- 2. Trial Before a Court of Session (Section 225-237),
- 3. Trial of Warrant cases by Magistrates(Section 238-250),
- 4. Trial of Summons Cases by Magistrate (Section 251-259),
- 5. Summary Trials (Section 260-265), Plea Bargaining (Section 265-A, 265-L
- 6. Pleas of Autrefois Acquit and Autrefois Convict (Section 300),

UNIT-IV

The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2015 Section (1-55)

UNIT-V

- 1. The Judgement (Section 353-365),
- 2. Submission of Death Sentence for confirmation Section (366-371),
- 3. Appeals (Section 372-394),
- 4. Reference and Revision (Section 395-405),
- 5. Transfer of criminal Cases (Section 406-412),
- 6. Limitation for taking cognizance of Certain Offences (Section 467-473),
- 7. The Probation of Offender Act 1958, Section (1-5 and 12-14)

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. C. K. Thakker "Takwani' & M.C. Thakker, Criminal Procedure (Lexis Nexis, New Delhi, 4th Ed.

2014)

- 2. K. N. Chandrasekhar Pillai, Criminal Procedure (Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 16h Ed. 2016)
- 3. RatanLal&Dhirajlal, The Code of Criminal Procedure, (Lexis Nexis, New Delhi, 22nd Ed. 2017)
- 4. N. V. Paranjape, The Code of Criminal Procedure, (Central Law Agency, Allahabad, 6th Ed.2017)

Law Commission Reports

- 5. Forty first Report of the Law commission of India on the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898
- 6. Thirty seventh Report of the Law commission of India on the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898
- 7. Fourteenth Report of the Law commission of India on the Reform of Judicial Administration

Course Name: Law Relating to Right to Information

Course Code: LLB 214

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: IV

Credit: 4

Course Objectives

The course aims to give knowledge about provisions of the Act - How Right to Information Law is bringing transparency and accountability in the working of the government and to study the role of judiciary on RTI and also about Media & Law.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Meaning and Scope of Right to Information
- 2. Media Access to Official Information
- 3. Right to Information and Human Rights Violations
- 4. Difference between Right to Information and Right to Obtain Information
- 5. Right to Information Law- Basic Elements
- 6. Factors Restricting Free Flow of Information

UNIT-II

THE RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

- 1. Preliminary (Section 1 to 2)
- 2. The Central Information Commission (Section 12 to 14)
- 3. Right to Information and Obligations of Public Authorities (Section 3 to 11)
- 4. The State Information Commission (Section 15 to 17)
- 5. Powers & Function of the Information Commission, appeals & penalties (Section 18 to 20)
- 6. Miscellaneous (Section 21 to 31)

UNIT-III

JUDICIARY ON RIGHT TO INFORMATION

- 1. Free flow of Information for Public Record
- 2. Right to information: Fundamental Right
- 3. Disclosure of Information
- 4. Right to know
- 5. Right to Acquire & Disseminate Information
- 6. Direction on Voter's Right to Information
- 7. Third Party Information
- 8. Public Authority under Art. 12 of the Indian Constitution

UNIT-IV

MEDIA & LAW

- 1. Media & Criminal Law (Defamation/obscenity/Sedition)
- 2. Media & Tort Law (Defamation and Negligence).
- 3. Media and Legislature-Privileges of the Legislature
- 4. Media and Executive Official Secrets Act, 1923
- 5. Media & Judiciary-contempt of Court

UNIT-V

MEDIA IN CONSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

- 1. Freedom of Expression in Indian Constitution
- 2. Interpretation of Media Freedom
- 3. Issues of Privacy
- 4. Pre-Trial by Media and Free Expression
- 5. Media and Human Rights

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. J.N. Barowalia, Commentary on the Right to Information Act (University Law Publication, Delhi, Ed. 2016)
- 2. P.K. Das, Hand Book on the Right to Information Act (Universal Law Publication, Delhi,Ed.2016)
- 3. Dheera Khandelwal and K.K. Khandelwal, A Commentary and Digest on the Right toInformation Act 2005. (Vol-2, The Bright Law House, Delhi, Ed. 2014)
- 4. A.S. Yadav, Right to Information Act 2005: An Analysis (Central Law Publication, Allahabad, Ed. 2016)
- 5. N.V. Paranjape, Right to Information Law in India (Lexis Nexis, Ed. 2014).

Course Name: Labour and Industrial Law II

Course Code: LLB 216

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: IV

Credit: 4

Objective-

- 1. To know the development and the judicial setup of Labour Laws.
- 2. To learn the salient features of welfare and wage Legislations.
- 3. To learn the laws relating to Industrial Relations, Social Security and Working conditions.
- 4. To understand the laws related to working conditions in different settings.

Unit-I: The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923

- 1. Main Features of the Act,
- 2. Definitions Compensation, Dependent, Employer, Workman, Partial Disablement, Total Disablement,
- 3. Employer's Liability for Compensation(section-8).
- 4. Notice and claims of the Accident (section-10),
- 5. Commissioner (Section 19 to 29).
- 6. Appeals (section 30).
- 7. Medical Examination (Section 11)

UNIT-II: The Minimum Wages Act, 1948

- 1. Objects and Constitutional Validity of the Act,
- 2. Salient Features of the Act
- 3. Definitions: Employer. Cost of Living Index, Scheduled Employment, Wages,
- 4. Minimum Wages, Fair Wage and Living Wage,
- 5. Fixation and Revision of Minimum Rates of Wages, Working Hours,
- 6. Determination of Wages and Claims (section 3,20 and 21).

UNIT-III: Payment of Wages Act, 1936

- 1. Definitions: Employer, Industrial and other Establishment, Wages,
- 2. Payment and Deduction from Wages (section 3-13).
- 3. Inspector (section 14).
- 4. Authority to Hear claims section 15),
- 5. Appeal (section-17)

UNIT-IV: The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946,

1. Procedure for Certification & Adoption of Standing Orders.

- 2. Certifying Officer,
- 3. The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948-
- 4. Employees State Insurance Corporation,
- 5. Standing Committee, Medical Benefit Council,
- 6. Contributions, Benefits, Employees Insurance Court

UNIT-V: The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976-

- 1. Definition Clause
- 2. Payment of Remuneration at Equal Rates section 4 to 7)
- 3. Inspector,
- 4. Penalities and Cognizance of Offences under the Act,

The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965-

- 1. Eligibility, Disqualification for Bonus (section 8,9)
- 2. Minimum & Maximum Bonus (5,10,11);
- 3. Proportionate Reduction (5, 13)
- 4. Recovery of Bonus Due (5,21)
- 5. Customary Bonus, Productivity Bonus

The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

- 1. Definitions, Eligiblity, Payment, Determination,
- 2. Recovery and Protection of Gratuity, Sec. 2-A, 4, 7, 8, and 13

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. CB Memoria and Satish Memoria. Dynamics of industrial Relations, (Himalaya Publishing House-Mumbai Part II and III. Ed. 2007
- 2. Dr. V.G. Goswani. Labour and Industrial law. (Central Law Agency Allahabad, Part VI. Ed.2005)
- 3.Nirmal Singh and S.K. Bhatia. Industrial Relations and Collective Bargaining. (Deep and DeepPublicationsPur. Lid. Delhi, Ed. 2000.)
- 4. Srivastav K. Industrial Peace and Labour in India. (Kitab Mahal Allahabad, Ed. 2003)
- 5. Indian Law Institute. Labour Law and Labour Relations, (Ed. 2002)
- 6. KM Pillai Labour and Industrial Law, (Allahabad Law Agency, Faridabad Haryana, Part I. Ed.2005)
- 7. S.N. Mishra. Labour and Industrial Law, (Central Law Publications, Allahabad, Part I. Ed.2004)
- 8. HL Kumar. Labour problems and remedies. (Universal Book Traders, Delhi, Ed. 2006)

Course Name: Civil Procedure Code, 1908

Course Code: LLB 218

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: IV

Credit: 4

Course Objective:

- 1. To provide adequate knowledge about procedures/rules of litigation in the civil courts. The students ought to be aware of the procedural aspects of the enforcement of civil rights in the Indian courts.
- 2. To give an overview of law of limitation for institution of suit, appeal, review, reference etc. since the law assists the vigilant and not those who sleep over the rights.
- 3. To view some of the current problems arising out of the procedural technicalities like delay in getting order, Judgment and decree in civil litigations. In some civil cases, even generations pass but no final decision comes out from the court, which is now a point of discussion in the society. To apprise the students with latest amendments in the Code of Civil Procedure is also one of the main objects.
- 4. To discuss about the nuances of the Civil Procedure and inculcate in them the basic traits of civil practice.

UNIT I: An Introduction to the Code of Civil Procedure: Key Concepts

Definitions and concepts –

- Need and Importance of Procedural Law
- > Suit of a civil nature
- Decree, Judgment, Order
- > Foreign Court, Foreign Judgment
- ➤ Mens Profits
- ➤ Affidavit
- > Plaint
- > Written Statement
- ➤ Legal Representative
- > Caveat
- ➤ Jurisdiction of Civil Courts and Kinds of jurisdictions
 - Subject matter jurisdiction
 - Pecuniary jurisdiction
 - Territorial jurisdiction
- Res subjudice S. 10
- Res judicata S.11
- ➤ Joinder of parties O I R 1
- ➤ Joinder of cause of action O II R 2

UNIT II: Pleadings and Trial of the civil suit

- > Rules of pleading
 - Signing of pleading
 - Verification of pleading
- ➤ Rules of writing plaint (O VI)
- > Set off &Counterclaim
- ➤ Rejection of plaint (O VII R11)
- ➤ Return of plaint (O VII R10)
- ➤ Amendment of pleading (O VI R17)
- ➤ Interpleader suit (S.88 and O XXXV)
- ➤ Appearance and Non-appearance of parties (O IX)
- > Examination of parties (OX)
- ➤ Alternate Dispute Resolution
- > Settlement of issues (OXIV)
- ➤ Disposal of suit on the first hearing (O XV)
- ➤ Withdrawal and Adjustment of suit (OXXIII)
- > Interim Orders,
- > Trial of the civil suit

UNIT III: Appeal, Reference, Review and Revision

- > Appeal, Reference, Review and Revision
- ➤ Appeals from Original Decree
- > Appeals from Appellate Decrees : Second appeal, Appeal to the Supreme Court
- > General Provisions relating to Appeals
- ➤ Reference to High Court
- > Review
- > Revision

UNIT IV: Execution Proceedings

- ➤ Meaning and Purpose of execution
- > Stay of execution
- > Restitution
- > Decree court and executing court
- Questions determined by executing court
- ➤ Garnishee order
- Mode of Execution: Arrest, Attachment, Sale

UNIT V: Law of Limitation

- Meaning, nature and scope of law of limitation
- > Bar of Limitation and its efficacy
- ➤ Sufficient Cause its meaning and applicability
- > Continuous running of time: General principle, meaning, scope
- ➤ Difference between prescribed period and period of limitation (S.3 Limitation Act)
- ➤ When court is closed on the last day (S.4 Limitation Act)
- Condonation of delay (S.5 Limitation Act)

Exclusion of time proceeding *bona fide* in court without jurisdiction (S.14 Limitation Act)

UNIT VI: Particular Suits and Miscellaneous

- Suit by or against government O XXVI
- > Suit by or against Minors
- > Suit by an Indigent person
- Summary Suit (OXXXVII CPC)
- Caveat (S.148A CPC)
- ➤ Inherent powers of the court (S.151 to S.153 CPC)

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. The Code of Civil Procedure, Justice CK Thakkar, 2016, Esatern Book Company. 7th Edition.
- 2. Code of Civil Procedure, Dr. Avtar Singh, 2015, 4th Edition, Central Law Publication
- 3. The Code of Civil Procedure, M.P. Jain, 2016, 4th Edition, Lexis Nexis.
- 4. The Code of Civil Procedure, TP Tripathi, 2006, Allahabad Law Agency.
- 5. Code of civil procedure, P.C. Sarkar, 2017, 12th Edition, Lexis Nexis

REFERENCE BOOKS/STATUTES

- 1. The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
- 2. The Limitation Act, 1963
- 3. Mulla -The Code of Civil Procedure, B.M. Prasad, 2008, 17th Edition, Lexis Nexis
- 4. Code of Civil Procedure 1908, B.V. Viswanatha. Aiyer, 2016, 8th Edition, Thomson Reuters
- 5. Law of limitation & prescription, UN Mitra, 2009, 12th Edition, Lexis Nexis

Course Name: Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid & Para Legal Services

Course Code: LLB

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 4

OBJECTIVE: This course will address the theory and practice of public interest work and help you to develop some of the writing and advocacy skills needed to conduct a public interest law practice. We will discuss various models of public interest lawyering and ethical issues confronting lawyers in this area. You will also have the opportunity to draft various documents essential to a public interest practice, both in a litigation (affidavit, motion) and a non-litigation (letter, press release, fundraising proposal) context. Some of the assignments will be done individually, and some with a partner, as working with others is a central part of "real world" lawyering.

UNIT-I

- 1. Public Interest Litigation- Meaning, Scope and Object, Characteristics
- 2. Origin and Development of Public Interest Litigation in India
- 3. Rule of Locus Standi
- 4. Public Interest Litigation and Private Interest Litigation
- 5. Social interest Litigation

UNIT-II

- 1. Legal Aid Meaning and Object
- 2. Origin and Development of Legal Aid Scheme
- 3. Fundamental Sources of Legal Aid Scheme
- 4. Provisions regarding legal aid Under the Constitution of India
- 5. Provisions regarding free legal aid Under Criminal Procedure Code
- 6. Provisions regarding free legal aid Under Civil Procedure Code

UNIT-III

- 1. Lok Adalat- meaning and importance
- 2. Composition, Organization and working of Lok Adalats
- 3. Jurisdiction and Powers of Lok Adalats
- 4. Permanent Lok Adalat- Composition Jurisdiction and working

UNIT-IV

- 1. Para Legal Services- Meaning and objects
- 2. Public Utility services
- 3. Indian para legal services- importance
- 4. Role of para legal services in Legal education 5. Para Legal Services and Social

Transformation

UNIT-V

- 1. National Legal Services Authority-Constitution and Function and powers
- 2. State Legal Services Authority- Constitution and Function and powers
- 3. District Legal Services Authority- Constitution and Function and powers
- 4. Supreme Court Legal Services Committee-Constitution and Functions
- 5. High Court Legal Services Committee-Constitution and Functions
- 6. Taluk Legal Services Committee-Constitution and Functions

RECOMMENDED BOOKS-

- 1. Dr. S.R. Myneni, Public Interest lawyering, Legal Aid and Para Legal Services, Asia Law House (2 Ed Rp 2017)
- 2. Mamta, Public Interest Litigation: Legal Aid and Lok Adalats, Edition: 4th Edition, 2015
- 3. Ajay Gulati Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid & Para Legal Services Ist Ed. (Rep.) 2013
- 4. Kailash Rai Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid & Para Legal Services 7th Ed. (Rep) 2016

Course Name: Arbitration Conciliation & Alternative Dispute Resolution System (Theory)

Course Code: LLB 222

Class: LLB 2nd year

Semester: IV

Credit: 4

Objective- To find out the various Dispute Resolution Techniques used at International and National level. To trace out the differences between most prominent dispute resolution methods including traditional litigation, arbitration in many forms including International Commercial Arbitrationmediation and conciliation etc. The system of ADR is less time consuming as well as informal. Therefore cost of litigation is also subsequently reduce. With the help of this paper, the students learn new techniques of resolution of disputes in certain cases.

UNIT 1

- 1.Evolution of ADR, ADR in India,
- 2. Advantages & disadvantages of ADR,
- 3.ADR Processes Pretrial Mediation,
- 4. Mediation, Negotiation, Conciliation,
- 5. ADR in family disputes, Conciliation under CPC,

UNIT 2

- 1. Concept ,Meaning & Growth of LokAdalats,
- 2.LokAdalats under Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987,
- 3. Nyaya Panchayats-Historical Perspectives,
- 4. Advantages of Nyaya Panchayats,
- 5. Composition & Jurisdiction of Nyaya Panchayats

UNIT 3

- 1. Arbitration & Conciliation Act (Section 1-43);
- 2. Definition of Arbitration,
- 3.InternationalCommercialArbitration,
- 4. Objectives of the Act,
- 5. Arbitration Agreement
- 6. Composition and jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunal,
- 7. Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings,

UNIT 4

- 1. Making of Arbitral Awards and Termination of Proceedings,
- 2Recourse Against Arbitral Award,
- 3. Finality and Endorsement of Arbitral Award,
- 4. Appealable orders,
- 5. Lion on Arbitral Awards and Deposits as to costa,
- 6. Effect on Arbitration Agreement of Death and of parties insolvency

UNIT 5

- 1. Arbitration & Conciliation Act (Section 44-60).
- 2. Foreign Awards-Definition,
- 3. Enforcement of Certain Foreign Awards,
- 4. New York Convention Awards,
- 5. Geneva Convention Awards,
- 6. Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (Schedule 1), Protocol on Arbitration Clauses (Schedule II).
- 7. Convention on Execution of Foreign Arbitral Awards (Schedule III),
- 8. Conciliation under Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996(Sections 61-81).
- 9. Role of Conciliator, Confidentiality in conciliation.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Anupam Kurlwal, An Introduction to Alternative Dispute System (ADR), (Central Law Publication, Allahabad, Ed. 2014).
 - 2. S.C. Tripathi, Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 with Alternative means of settlement of dispute, (Central Law Publication, Allahabad, Ed. 2015).
 - 3. Avtar Singh, Law of Arbitration and conciliation, (Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, Ed. 2017
 - 4. Ashwinie Kumar Bansal, International Commercial Arbitration Practice and Procedure, (Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi, Ed. 2012)
 - 5. G.K. Kwatra, Arbitration and conciliation Law of India, (Universal Law Publication Co. New Delhi, Ed. 2014).

Course Name: Arbitration Conciliation & Alternative Dispute Resolution System (PRACTICAL)

Course Code: LLB 252

Class: LLB 2nd year

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Semester: IV

Credit: 1

Objective-To taught partly through class room lectures including simulating exercise and partly through extension programme like Lok-Adalat, etc. The Course will be taught in association with practicing lawyers / retired Judges / retired Law Teachers. The Class room instructions shall include lessons on the concepts and practice of Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution. Students shall be required to maintain the Diary of the Sessional Work for this paper in which they shall record the written exercises assigned to them by the subject teacher during the session and their observations about the field work / training work of Lok Adalat etc. organized by the Law Department of the College / University and attended by them. The course shall comprise the followings:

UNIT 1

- 1. Existing Justice Delivery System in India Effectiveness and Menaces.
- 2. Reforms in the Legal System for Achieving Effective and Speedy Resolution of Disputes Public Interest Litigation,

UNIT 2

- 1. Alternate Dispute Resolution System Objectives, Meaning and Advantages.
- 2. Types of ADR System Mini Trial, Mediation Arbitration, Neutral Fact Finding Expert, Early Neutral Evaluation, Court-annexed Arbitration, Mediation and Hybrid Process, Judicial Settlement Conferences etc., Multi-Door Court House.

UNIT 3

- 1. Other Amicable Settlement Process LOK ADALAT
- 2. Arbitration Agreement, International Commercial Arbitration, Composition and Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunals.

UNIT 4

- 1. Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings and its Termination and Making of Arbitral Award
- 2. Finality and Enforcement of Arbitral Award Recourse Against Arbitral Award, Enforcement of Foreign awards (New York Convention Awards and Geneva Convention Awards).

UNIT 5

1. Conciliation - Commencement of Proceedings, Appointment and Role of Conciliators, Submission of Statement to Conciliators, Settlement Agreement, Termination, Cost and

Deposits of Proceedings, Protection for Conciliation Pro ngs.

2. Mediation - Meaning, Advantages, Techniques, Common Errors of Mediation Advocacy.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- (a) Rao P.C., Alternative Dispute Resolution.
- (b) Basu N.D., Law of Arbitration and Conciliation
- (c) Kwatra G.K., The Arbitration and Conciliation Law of India.
- (d) Bansal A.K, Law of International Commercial Arbitration.
- (e) Saraf B.P.&Jhunjhnuwala M., Arbitration and Conciliation
- (f) Malhotra O.P., The Law and Practice of Arbitration and Conciliation
- (g) Shaffer Thomas L., Legal Interviewing and Counseling in Nutshell
- (h) Binder David A. & Bergman Paul et al. Lawyers as Counselors.
 - (1) Law Commission of India Report : Law Commission of India Report on Grama Nyayalayas Law Commission of India Report on Urban Litigation- Mediation.

VTHSEMESTER

Course Name: Law of Evidence

Course Code: LLB 311

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 4

Course Objective:

The law of evidence is one of the most important branches of adjective law. Evidence is the pivot on which the whole edifice of administration of justice rests. It involves several questions, such as what is evidence, typology of evidence, how it is produced before a Judicial Authority and what is the role of the evidence in the administration of justice. The study of the law of evidence is most important in the field of legal education

- To acquaint the students with basic principles of the law of evidence;
- To enable them to understand the importance of evidence in the system of administration of justice.
- To enable them to analyze critically the rules of evidence and its application to a given fact situation.

UNIT-I (Lecture: 7)

- 1. History of Law of Evidence
- 2. Meaning Nature, Scope and Object of Evidence,
- 3. Types of Evidence,
- 4. Fundamental Rules of Law of Evidence,
- 5. Fact in issue and relevant facts, Fact Proved, not proved, disproved (S. 3),
- 6. Presumption(S-4), Relevancy of Facts (S-5-16),

UNIT-II (Lecture: 9)

- 1. Res Gestate (Section 6), Occasion, cause & effect of fact in Issue (Section 7),
- 2. Motive, Preparation & Conduct (S-8),
- 3. Identification (S-9),
- 4. Conspiracy (S-10),
- 5. Facts not otherwise Relevant (S-11),
- 6. Relevancy of State of Mind & State of Body & Bodily feeling (Section-14),
- 7. Evidence of similar occurrences (Section-15)

UNIT-III (Lecture: 12)

- 1. Meaning of Admission & Confession (17-31),
- 2 Difference between Admission & Confession,
- 3. Circumstances under which confession is admissible and not admissible,
- 4. Evidentiary value of admission & confession,
- 5. Dying Declaration, Expert Opinion,

UNIT-IV (Lecture: 11)

- 1. Evidence of Character in Civil & Criminal Cases
- 2. Principles relating to direct evidence (S-60),
- 1. Law relating to admissibility of documentary evidence (S. 61-66),
- 4. Proof as to genuineness of document i.e. execution & attestation(S 63-67),
- 5. Public Document and Private documents(S 74-78),
- 6.Exclusion of oral by documentary evidence(S-91-99),

UNIT-V (Lecture: 9)

- 1. Meaning of Proof & Presumption,
- 2. On whom burden of proof lies, Standard of Proof in Civil & Criminal Cases
- 3. Estoppel: Meaning & Scope (115-117), Principles Governing Doctrine of Estoppel,
- 4. Witness: Meaning, Types (126-127), Who may be a Witness,
- 5. Privileges of certain witnesses & Communication (135-136),
- 6. Examination of Witness (137-166)

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- S. Sarkar Ahmed Ejaz, Law of Evidence, (Ashoka Law House, Delhi, 6th Ed. 2002)
- Vepa P Sarathi, Law of Evidence, (Eastern Book Company, 6th Ed. 2006)
- RanchhoddasRatanlal Thakore and Dhiraj Lal, The Law of Evidence, (Wadhwa &Wadhwa, Nagpur, 22nd Ed. 2006)
- MC. Sarkar, 8.C. Sarkar, Law of Evidence in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Burma and Ceylon, (Wadhwa & Wadhwa, Nagpur, 15th Ed. 2000)
- Wigmore John Henary, Wigmore on Evidence, (Aspen Law & Business Publications 4th Ed. 1983)
- .Adrian Zuckerman, The Principles of Criminal Evidence, (Oxford University Press, London, 1989)

Course Name: Law of Trust Equity & Fiduciary Relationship

Course Code: LLB 313

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 4

Objective: Objective: The objective of the course is to provide students with an overall understanding of the law of equity with special emphasis on fiduciary obligations, trusts, equitable assignment of property and equitable remedies. The paper is useful for students to understand and compare the role of Equity in ancient and modern legal system.

UNIT-1 (8 lectures)

- 1. History, nature and principles of Equity-Emergence of law of trust from Equity
- 2. The making of Indian Law of Trust and provisions of law of Trust-Religious Trusts
- 3. Principles of Equity and Equitable Remedies
- 4. Equitable Relief in different branches of law with special reference to property law.

UNIT-2 (9 lectures)

- 1. Nature of Equity
- 2. History of Courts of Equity
- 3. Relations of law of Equity
- 4. The maxims of equity
- 5. Different Equitable remedies.

UNIT – 3 (8 lectures)

- 1. Essentials of Trust
 - 2. Fiduciary Relationship Concept, kinds vis-a-vis Trusteeship
 - 3. Trust and contract, Power, condition, charge and personal obligations- distinguished
 - 4. Classification of Trust and its importance

UNIT – 4 (10 lectures)

- 1. Private Trusts
- 2. Public Trusts
- 3. Appointments, Retirement and removal of Trustee
- 4. Rights, Power, Discretion and control of Trustees
- 5. Duties of trustee in relation to:
- 6. (i) Trust property; and (ii) Beneficiary

UNIT – 5 (13 lectures)

- 1. The Administration of Trust
- 2. Liability for Breach of Trust
- 3. Rights and Remedies of the Beneficiary
- 4. Constructive Trusts
- 5. Appointment and Discharge of Trustees

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Ahmad Aquil, Equity, Trusts and Specific Relief.
- 2. Desai S.T., Equity, Trusts and Specific Relief.
- 3. Hansbury&Mousley, Modern Equity.

- Jhabwala N.H, Elements of Equity, Trusts and Specific Relief.
 Rao GCV Subha, Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relation.
 Singh G.P., Principles of Equity. Snell, Principles of Equity.
 Tondon M.P., Principles of Equity and Trusts

Course Name: Principles of Taxation

Course Code: LLB 315

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 4

Course Objective:

- 1. Taxation is a general law made by governments to collect revenue from people and organizations.
- 2. A tax formula contains at least three elements: the definition of the base, the rate structure, and the identification of the legal taxpayer.
- 3. The base multiplied by the appropriate rate gives a product, called the tax liability, which is the legal obligation that the taxpayer must meet at specified dates.
- 4. A tax is identified by the characteristics of its base, such as income in the case of an income tax.
- 5. The paper is helpful to the students in understanding the theoretical aswell as practical aspects of Taxation Policy of the Government.

UNIT-I (Lecture: 7)

- 1. Definition: Income-Meaning, Concept, Application and Diversion of Income, Agricultural Income, Assessee, Assessment year and Previous Year, Residential Status and Tax Liability of Assessee
- 2. Distinction between Capital Receipt and Revenue Receipt;
- 3. Capital Expenditure and revenue

UNIT-II (Lecture: 29)

- 1. Heads of Income
- (a) Salary
- (b) Income from house property
- (c) Capital gains
- 2. Income of other persons included in Assesssee's Total Income
- 3. Set out and Carry Forward of Losses

UNIT-III (Lecture: 5)

- 1. Assessment Procedure
- 2. Rectification of Mistakes
- 3. Deductions under Section 80 C, 80 D, 80 CCE, 80 G, 80 U

UNIT-IV (Lecture: 4)

- 1. Appeal, Reference and Revision
- 2. Penalties (Section 271 to 275)

- 3. Income Tax Authorities
- 4. Liability in Special Cases (Sec 159-181)

UNIT-V (Lecture: 3)

- 1. Rebate of Income Tax (Sec 87-88)
- 2. Relief from Income Tax (Sec 89)

3Double Taxation Relief (Sec 90-91)

4. Collection, Recovery and Refund (Sec 190 to 234 and Sec 237-245)

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. Kailash Rai, Taxation Law, (Allhabad Law Agency 16th Ed. 2017)
- 2. V.K. Singhania. Students Guide to Income Tax (Taxman Publication Pvt. Ltd. Ed. 20152
- 3. Kanga &Palkiwala. The Law and Practice of Income Tax (N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd. Latest Ed.)
- 4. Sampath Iyengar. Law of Income Tax (Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, Ed. 2014)gt

Course Name: Land Laws including ceiling and other Local Laws

Course Code: LLB 317

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will have an understanding of the laws which are related with the land & tenancy. This course will help the students to have the understanding about the practical issues & aspects related to the land & other related aspects. They will acquire the ability to identify legal issues and principles underlying any given factual situation, to undertake and present research on such issues and be able to synthesize such sources and use them to formulate arguments in their research.

UNIT-I

PUNJAB LAND REVENUE ACT 1887

- 1. Definition of Key Words,
- 2. Revenue Officers: Their Power and Functions, Preparation of Revenue
- 3. Records
- 4. Arbitration (Sections 127-135), Concepts & Procedure of Partitions

UNIT-II

A. THE PUNJAB TENANCY ACT-1887

- 1. Definition of Key Words under the Act,
- 2. Class of Tenants, Law relating to Rent, Law relating to
- 3. Occupancy of Tenant,
- 4. Law of Ejectment of Tenants

B. HARYANA CEILING OF LAND HOLDING ACT 1972

- 1. Definition of Key Words(Section-3),
- 2. Concept of Permissible Area and Surplus Area (Ss-4 to 6),
- 3. Ceiling on Land, Acquisition and Disposal of Surplus Area(SS 7 to 15),
- 4. Aggrieved Party (Section-18)

UNIT-III:

HARYANA RENT CONTROL ACT, 1973

- 1. Definitions (SS 1-4),
- 2. Rights & Duties of Tenants,
- 3. Rights and Duties of Landlords,

4. Grounds of Ejectment of Tenants.

UNIT-IV

HARYANA PANCHAYATI RAJ ACT 1994 (Sec. 1 to 54) (Chapter 1 to 6)

- 1. Definition of Key Words,
- 2. Constitution of Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat,
- 3. Gram Panchayat's Duties,
- 4. Functions and Powers, Finance and Taxation,
- 5. Control of Gram Panchayat,
- 6. Sources of Income and Expenditure of Gram Panchayat.

UNIT-V

HARYANA PANCHAYATI RAJ ACT 1994, PANCHAYATI SAMITI

(CHAPTER 7 TO 11) AND SECTION 55 TO 116)

- 1. Definition of Key Words,
- 2. Conduct of Business of Panchayat Samities,
- 3. Servant of Panchayat Samities,
- 4. Duties and Powers of Panchayat Samiti, Finance and Taxation,
- 5. Sources of Income of Panchayat Samiti, Control of Panchayat Samiti

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. HarshaliChowdhary, Punjab & Haryana Land Laws, (Central Law Publications, Allahabad, 1st Ed. 2016)
- 2. Badruddin, Commentary on Revenue Laws, Panchayat Laws and Rent Laws, (The Law House, Rohtak, 4th Ed. 2015)
- 3. NeetyKaul, Land Laws in Punjab and Haryana, (Chawla Publications (P) Ltd., Chandigarh, 6th Ed. 2014)
- 4. P. Narula, Punjab and Haryana Land Laws, (Allahabad Law Agency, Ed. 2012)

ARTICLES

- 1. R.S. Gae, *Land Law in India: With Special Reference to the Constitution*, Cambridge University Press, https://www.jstor.org/stable/758169.
- 2. https://www.scconline.com/blog/post/2017/03/03/no-application-can-be-filed-under-section-28-a-of-land-acquisition-act-1894-subsequent-to-the-same-being-filed-under-section-18-of-the-act/
- $3. \underline{https://www.aaptaxlaw.com/land-acquisition-act/section-18-19-20-land-acquisition-act-reference-to-court-collectors-statement-to-the-court-service-of-notice-section-18-19-20-of-land-acquisition-act-1894.html$
- 4. https://www.satara.gov.in/en/notice/under-section-18-of-the-land-acquisition-act-1894-list-of-the-following-cases/

Course Name: Media Law & Censorship

Course Code: LLB 319

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will have an understanding of the debates around media & related dimensions. This course will introduce students to the study of legal and ethical issues in the media. Students will develop an understanding and appreciation of these issues and the ability to analyze the important legal and ethical issues involved with the mass media industry

UNIT-I

Different facets of Media and introduction to basic Ethics Concept of Media Theories of communication Evolution of media Media Ethics Basic ethical theory

UNIT-II

Media in Constitutional Framework Freedom of expression in Indian Constitution

- Right to Privacy
- Right to information under constitution of India

UNIT-III:

Legal dimensions of media

Media criminal law (defamation/obscenity/sedition)

Media and law of Torts(Defamation and Negligence)

Media and Legislature(privileges of legislature)

Media and Human Rights

Media and Judiciary: Contempt of Court Media and Executive-Official Secret Act

Media and Journalists-Working Journalists (Conditions of Service Act)

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UNIT-IV

News

Getting Information

Free Press/ Fair Trial

Ethical Issues In news

- 1. Business Pressure
- 2. Truth Telling and Objectivity

- 3. Social Justice
- 4. Sources and Reporters
- 5. Privacy

UNIT-V

Censorship in India.
Cinematograph Act, 1952
An extensive study on the CBFC
Censorship - A restriction of speech by the government?
Censorship in film and TV industry
Film Broadcast Regulations
Defamation, Blasphemy, Sedition & Obscenity in Media

Course Name: Drafting, Pleading, and Conveyance (Theory)

Course Code: LLB 321

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 4

Course Objective:

The object of the course is to present the substantive law in the context of pleadings, draftings and conveyancing and show how those transactions are influenced by legal considerations. A well drafted document instantly attracts the attention of the Court. It develops the skill of drafting of legal documents among students. It helps the students in making a good lawyer and judge.

UNIT-I

- 1 General Principles of Drafting
- 2. Fundamental Rules of Pleadings (Civil)
- 5. Plaint
- 4. Written Statement
- 5.Interlocutory Application
- 6. Amendment of pleadings

UNIT-II

- 1.Affidavit
- 2.Execution Petition
- 3. Memorandum of Appeal (Civil)
- 4.Revision
- 5. Writ Petition

UNIT-III

- 1. Petition under Hindu Marriage Act,1955
- 2.Complaint (Criminal)
- 3. Claim petition under Motor Vehicle Act 1988
- 4. Bail Application
- 5. Anticipatory Bail Application
- 6.Revision (Criminal)

UNIT-IV

- 1. Sale Deed
- 2. Mortgage Deed
- 3. Lease Deed
- 4. Gift Deed

- 5. Promissory Note
- 6. Power of Attorney (GPA & SPA)
- 7. Will

UNIT-V

- 1. Notice
- 2. Adoption Deed
- 3.Partnership Deed
- 4. Exchange Deed
- 5. Agreement of Sale
- 6. Leave and License

Text Books:

- 1. Chaturvedi, R.N. Pleading, Drafting & Conveyncing.
- 2. Dr. A.B. Kafaltiya, Pleading Drafting & Conveyancing

References:

- 1.Mulla, D.F.: The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- 2. Sarkar, The Law of Civil Procedure,
- 3. Chaturvedi, A.N., Pleading, Conveyancy & Drafting & Legal Professional.
- 4. Chaturvedi, R.N. Pleading, Drafting & Conveyncing.
- 5.Dr. A.B. Kafaltiya, Pleading Drafting &Conveyancing

Course Name: Drafting, Pleading, and Conveyance (Practical)

Course Code: LLB 351

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: V

Credit: 1

Objectives: - This course aims at acquainting the students about the various fundamentals of drafting to develop the skills of pleading and conveyancing. It provides an insight into the functions and objectives of pleadings and suggests tools to help approach the task of drafting Pleadings. The course contents of this study material have been so designed as to provide Practical orientation and develop necessary acumen ship in drafting legal documents. The object is to present substantive laws in the context of pleadings and conveyancing and to show how those transactions are influenced by the legal considerations. A well drafted document instantly attracts the attention of the court. Any failure however little in bringing out the material issues would be fatal to the matter under consideration

Unit I:

- General Principles of Drafting and relevant substantive rules
- Pleading and its essentials
- Importance in civil and criminal matter

Unit II:

- Plaint
- Written Statement
- Interlocutory Application
- Original Petition

Unit III:

- Affidavit
- Execution Petition
- Memorandum of Appeal and Revision in civil matters
- Petition under Article 226 and Article 32 of the Constitution of India

Unit IV:

- Complaints

- Criminal and Miscellaneous Petition
- Bail Application
- Memorandum of Appeals and Revision in criminal matters

Unit V:

- Sale Deed
- Mortgage Deed
- Lease Deed
- Gift Deed
- Promissory note
- Power of Attorney (General and Special)
- Will

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- Mulla, D.F.: The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, (Lexis Nexis, New Delhi 1 Ith Edition 2016)
- Sarkar, The Law of Civil Procedure, (Eastern Book Co., Lucknow 5th Ed, 2016)
- Chaturvedi, A.N., Pleading, Conveyaneyd Drafting & Legal Professional, (11th Bd. 2016)
- Chaturvedi, RN. Pleading, Drafting &Conveyancing, (Central Law Agency, Allahbad 4th Ed. 2016)
- Dr. AB. Kafaltiya, Pleading Drafting & Conveyancing, (Universal Lexis Nexis, New Delhi Ed. 2014)

VITHSEMESTER

Course Name: Intellectual Property Law

Course Code: LLB 312

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 4

Objective: To create awareness about the concept of Intellectual Properties, various conventions, provisions of Copy Right Act, 1957, The Trade Mark Act 1999 and The Patents Act 1970. The students can understand the process of Registration of Copyright work, trade mark and patents with the help of this paper.

UNIT-1

- Concept of Property vis-a-vis Intellectual Property
- Basic concepts of Intellectual Property Law
- Nature of Intellectual Property
- Origin and Development of Intellectual Property Copy Right, Trade Mark
- Commercial Exploitation of Intellectual Property
- Enforcement of Rights and Remedies against Infringement
- Patent

UNIT-2

- International Character of Intellectual Property
- Intellectual Property and Economic Development
- International Protection of Intellectual Property overview of International Conventions
- Berne Convention WIPO Treaties 1996, Paris Conventions, TRIPS Agreements etc.
- India's Position vis-a-vis International Conventions and Agreements

UNIT-3

- Object of Patent Law Inventions-
- Patentable and Non-Patentable
- Process Patent and Product Patent
- Procedure for obtaining a Patent
- Rights and Obligations of a Patentee
- Revocation and Surrender of Patents
- Infringement of Patent.

UNIT-4

- What is a Trade Mark
- Functions of a Trade Mark
- Trade Mark Registry and Register of Trade Mark
- Registration of Trade Marks
- Effects of Registration
- Assignment and Transmission of Trade Marks
- Rectification and Correction of Register
- Passing Off and Infringement Action

UNIT-5

- Meaning and Basis of Copyright
- Copyright Office and Copyright Board
- Subject Matter of Copyright
- Ownership, Assignment and Infringement of Copyright
- Remedies for Infringement
- Abridgement of the Work and Term of Copyright
- Rights of Broadcasting Authorities

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- David A. Einhorn. Intellectual Property Law in Cyberspace (3rd Ed. 2017)
- Xuan-Thco N. Nguyen, Robert W. Gomulkiewicz, and Danielle M. Conway. Intellectus
- Property, Software, and Information Licensing: Law and Practice (Cumulative
- Supplement Ist Ed. 2017)
- Jerey A. Maine and Xuan-Thao N. Nguyen. Intellectual Property Taxation: Transacti.
- and Litigation Issues (Cumulative Supplement 2nd Ed. 2017)
- Aline C. Flower. Intellectual Property Technology Transfer (Supplement 2nd Ed. 201

Course Name: Information Technology & Cyber Law

Course Code: LLB 314

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 4

Objective-

To regulate framework for the control of Cyber crimes as they are in contact with the public at large and provide remedial measures for the public problems.

Both the personal and professional worlds are extremely dependent today or the Cyber World. The world is increasingly dependent on networked information and communication technologies (ICT). However, with growing dependency, new threats to networkand information security have emerged and there is ever-growing vulnerability to Cyber Crime. This is also true for India where the number of internet users is growing rapidly and where ICT are of crucial importance for its economy. Thus, an effort to spread awareness of Cyber Security is the need of the hour and particularly among the law fraternity as these are the persons who handle the cases of cybercrime. Lawyers, Police, Govt. Officers, Law students and the NGO's must know about the details of the Information Technology.

UNIT 1

Basic concept of Technology and Law

- i. Understanding the Technology
- ii. Scope of Cyber Laws
- iii. Cyber Jurisprudence

Understanding Electronic Contracts

- i. The Indian Law of Contract
- ii. Types of Electronic Contracts
- iii. Construction of Electronic Contracts.

UNIT 2

1. Copyright in Information Technology

- i.Copyright in internet
- ii.Software Piracy
- iii.Multimedia and copyright issues
- 2.Patents
- i. Indian position on computer related patents
- ii. International context of patents
- 3.Trademarks
- i.Trade mark Law in India
- ii.Infringement and passing off

UNIT 3

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ACT 2000

- i.Digital Signature
- ii. E-Governance
- iii. Regulation of Certifying Authorities
- iv.Duties of Subscribers
- v.Penalties and Adjudication
- vi.Offences under the Act
- vii. Making of Rules and Regulation

UNIT 4

1. Understanding Cyber Crimes

I.Crime in context of Internet

II. Types of Crime in Internet

2. Indian Penal Law & Cyber Crimes

- i. Fraud
- ii. Hacking
- iii. Mischief
- iv. Trespass
- v. Defamation
- vi. Stalking
- vii. Spam

UNIT 5

Issues of Internet Governance

- i. Issues of Internet Governance,
- ii. Freedom of Expression in Internet,
- iii. Issues of Censorship
- iv. Hate Speech,
- v. Sedition,
- vi. Libel
- vii. Subversion
- viii. Privacy Issues
- ix. International position on Free Speech in Internet.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Information technology act 2000 bare act
- 2. Indian penal code bare act
- 3. Dr. V.K Ahuja books

Course Name: Negotiable Instruments, Banking and Insurance

Course Code: LLB 316

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 4

Objective- To apprise the students about the functioning of banks as the same is covered as general utility service. The students are imparted instructions so as to enable them to understand the multi-dimensional functional issues relating to banking system in India. The subject covered customer-banker relationship, as well as issue relating to money laundering etc. further, the importance and relevance of ombudsman in banking is specially highlighted in the instruction imparted to the students. The objectives and structural aspects of RBI, Monopoly of notes Issues, credit control and determination of bank rate policy are also discussed with the students. Moreover, a comprehensive knowledge regarding the law of Negotiable instruments is also given to the students.

UNIT 1

- a) Banking definition and meaning
- b) Bank, banker, banking company
- c) Commercial banks and essential functions
- d) Agency services, general utility services, information service
- e) Emergence of multi functional dimensions
- f) System of banking-unit banking, branch banking, group banking and chain banking
- g) Banking companies in India

UNIT 2

- a) Customer: meaning, legal character of banker-customer relationship
- b) Rights and obligation of banks
- c) Right to set off, bankers lien
- d) Duty of confidentiality and exceptions to the duty
- e) Current account, deposits accounts, joint accounts and trust accounts
- f) Special type of customers: lunatics, minors, agents, administrators and executors, partnership firm and companies

UNIT 3

- a) Control by government and its agencies
- b) Need for elimination of systematic risk
- c) Avoidance of money laundering
- d) Control by ombudsman

UNIT-4

- a) R.B.I as central bank of India and its evolution
- b) Characteristics and functions of central banks
- c) Central bank as banker and advisor of the state
- d) Central bank as bankers bank
- e) Objectives and organizational structure of R.B.I
- f) Regulations of the money system, Monopoly over Non- banking financial Institutions
- g) Control and supervision of other banks

UNIT-5

- a) Negotiable instruments and its kinds
- b) Holder and holder in due course
- c) Parties, payment in due course
- d) Negotiation, presentment and discharge from liability
- e) Dishonor
- f) Civil liability, procedure for prosecution, extent of penalty
- g) The paying bankers, duty to honour customer cheques, exceptions to the duty to honour cheques, money paid by mistake, good faith and statutory protection to the collecting banker

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. L.C. Goyle, The Law of Banking and Bankers (1995) Eastern.
- 2. M.L. Tannan, Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India (1997) India Law House, New Delhi, 2. Volumes
- 3. Singh, Avtar, laws of banking and negotiable instruments (easten book cco., 2007)
- 4. Paget, Law of banking, 13th Edition, (UK: Lexis Nexis,2007)

Course Name: Competition Law

Course Code: LLB 318

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 4

Objective: The key objectives of competition Law are welfare, efficiency and free and fair competition. There are distributive dimensions in competition laws that are related to different notions of welfare. An important function of competition law is to prevent private restrictive business practices and public policies that may unneceassarily impede the redeployment of scarce resources from lower to higher valued uses

UNIT-I

COMPETITION ACT 2002

- a) Background
- b) Prohibitions
- c) Competition commission of India
- d) Competition Advocacy

UNIT-II

- a) SEBI Act, 1992
- b) The securitization & reconstruction of financial assets and enforcement of security interest Act, 2002

UNIT-III

- a) Regulatory Framework for foreign trade, Multinational companies
- b) Foreign trade (Development Regulation) Act, 1992

UNIT-IV

FOREIGN EXCHANGE MANAGEMENT ACT, 1999

- a) Background
- b) Policies
- c) Authorities

UNIT-V

- a) Introduction, Dominance in the Market
- b) Relevant Market, Appreciable Adverse effect on Competition in the Market
- c) Abusive Conducts under the Competition Act, 2002
- d) Penalties Prevention of Abuse of Dominance under Indian Competition Law

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

• Pardeep S. Mehta, Competition and Regulation in India, (CUTS International, 2011)

- Richard Whish & David Balley, Competition Law, (Oxford, Online Resource Centre, 7h Ed.)
- Abir Rao & Jayant Kumar, Competition Law, (2010, Ist Bd.)
- Sanjiv Agarwal. Investor Guide to Stock Market (Latest Ed.)
- V.A. Avadhani. SEBI guidelines and listing of Companies (Himalaya Publishing House, Latest Ed.)
- Bal Krishan Marta. Security Market in India (Latest Bd.)
- Dr. Chandrate, Dr. S.D. Irrani. Capital Issues SEBI & Listing (Latest Bd.)
- R.P. Hooda. Indian Securities Market (Latest Ed.)
- B.L. Mathur. Indian Capital Market Challenges and Responses (Latest Bd.)
- Ravi Puliani and Mahesh Puliani. SEBI Manual (Latest Ed.)
- V.K. Aggarwal. Consumer Protection Law & Practice. (Latest Ed.)
- Competition Act 2002
- Security Contracts (Regulation) Act 1956
- SEBI Act 1992
- Depositaries Act 1996
- Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act, 1992
- FEMA 1999

Course Name: Human Rights Law

Course Code: LLB 320

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 4

Objective- The understanding of human rights is the foundation for the development of a good citizen and aresponsible legal professional. The main objective of this course is to provide an insight into themeaning and significance of various human rights in the contemporary era and the mechanisms developed at the international and national level for protection and promotion of such rights. This course attempts to increase the knowledge of law students with respect to human rights; to focus their attention on the underlying values of human rights and to explore various international and national legal frameworks which embody human rights and promote them in practice.

UNIT I:

Introduction -

- 1. Meaning and Concept of Human Rights
- 2. History and Development of Human Rights
- 3. Basis of Protection and need for Protection of H.R.

UNIT II:

- 1. Universal Protection of Human Rights
- 2. U.N. Charter and Human Rights
- 3. U.N. bodies primarily concerned with Human Rights
- 4. Human Rights Council
- 5. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- 6. Key International Convention on Human Rights

UNIT III:

- 1. Regional System for Protection of Human Rights
- 2. The European Convention on Human Rights, 1950
- 3. The American Convention on Human Rights, 1969
- 4. Asian Human Rights Charter, 1998

UNIT IV:

- 1. Human Rights under Indian Law
- 2. Human rights and Indian Constitution
- 3. Role of Indian Judiciary

UNIT V:

- 1. National Human Rights
- 2. National Human Rights Commission
- 3. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993- Establishment, Powers and Functions of NHRC Role of NHRC

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Bajwa, G.S. and D.K. Bajwa, Human Rights in India: Implementation and Violations, D.K. Publishers, New Delhi (1996).
- 2. Basu, D.D., Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall, New Delhi (1994).
- 3. Sehgal, B.P.Singh, ed., Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi (1999).
- 4. S.K.Avesti and R.P.Kataria, Law Relating to Human Rights, Orient Publications, New Delhi (2000)
- 5. SK Kapoor, Human Rights under International and Indian Law, Central Law Agency, Allahabad. (1999)
- 6. HO Agarwal Human Rights, Central Law Publications, Allahabad, (12th Edn. 2012)
- 7. Justice PalokBasu, Law Relating to Protection of Human Rights, Modern Law Publications, Allahabad (2002).
- 8. Sircar, V.K., Protection of Human Right in India, Asia Law House, Hyderabad (2004-05.)

Course Name: Moot Court

Course Code: LLB 352

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 1

Objective- The objective of this subject is to teach students how to do legal research, present arguments and prepare memorial in a moot court along with basics professional ethics required in a court room.

Course Name: INTERNSHIP

Course Code: LLB 354

Class: LLB 3rd year

Semester: VI

Credit: 2

Course Objectives

Through internship a law student gains practical experience and contemporaneously inculcates work ethics by interning either under a lawyer or a law firm or a government body participating in legal sphere or a research organization or any other legally-oriented institution. Prime objective is to prepare student to demonstrate desirable qualities & professional ethics to be employable in different fields related with legal profession.